

The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME XLV

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1901

NUMBER 208

ATTEMPT TO ROB BANK AT DARIEN

Safe of Farmers' State Bank Blown Up Early This Morning.

WAKE UP CITIZENS

Used Too Much Nitro-Glycerine, and Failed To Get Any Money.

THE ROBBERS ESCAPE

Darien, Wis., Nov. 8.—(Special)—This little village was thrown into violent excitement about 2:30 o'clock this morning by the noise of a tremendous explosion followed immediately by loud cries of "robbers! robbers! Get your guns! Get your guns!"

In less time than it takes to tell it the main street of the place was filled with all sorts of people in various styles of dishabille looking for the cause of all this hubbub.

The advance guard of disturbed citizens got on the street just in time to see three men in long fur overcoats with cloth caps drawn deep over their heads jump into a rubber tired buggy drawn by a single horse and disappear down the other end of the street.

The burglar holding the reins also used the whip vigorously and the horse was running for all that he was worth and the rig was soon beyond reach. It took a course on the county road toward Janesville.

After getting over their astonishment several parties started out in pursuit but returned this morning without having gained sight of the rig or its occupants.

It was found upon examination that the Farmers' State Bank building had been entered from the rear and nitro-glycerine used to open the big safe in the rear part of the place. Evidently the burglars were amateurs at the business because the charge they applied was much too large. It not only blew away the outer covering of the safe but everything else in the building and made a noise that would wake the dead.

The marauders knew at once that there was no use in trying to get the cash in the safe and they made tracks to get away as fast as possible.

There was between four and five thousand dollars in the safe and a large amount of securities which were negotiable. The inner door of the safe was untouched. The Farmers' State Bank has a capital of \$25,000. Its officers are William Blakely, president, and John R. Eagin, cashier.

Several strange men have been hanging around Darien lately and their actions aroused some suspicions. In comparing these strangers with the description of the men who were seen escaping it is believed they were the same.

It is thought that they came from Beloit some time during the night. They failed in their effort to rob the bank just because they used too much nitro-glycerine in the blowing up of the safe.

Word has been sent out in every direction giving a description of the robbers. They were three large men with fur overcoats and cloth caps and the horse was a large bay and the rig a rubber tired top covered buggy.

MISS STONE IS HEARD FROM

Letter Date Nov. 1 says Writer and Companion Are Well.

New York, Nov. 8.—The messenger sent by M. Bakmeteff, the Russian diplomatic agent, to the brigands has returned, bearing a letter from Miss Stone to a former pupil at Sofia, says the Sofia correspondent of the Journal and Advertiser. M. Bakmeteff, having thus established communications, has turned the letter and details over to Mr. Dickinson, the American consul-general, saying the latter has the ransom, and upon him rests the responsibility. The messenger was absent nine days. The letter is dated Nov. 1 and is written in Bulgarian by Miss Stone, but controlled by the brigands. It consists of half a page, saying Miss Stone and Mme. Tsilka are well and that the latter expects a baby in three weeks. It expresses hope for speedy release. M. Bakmeteff's messenger also brought a letter to Mr. Dickinson from Miss Stone. The brigands decline to trust Mr. Dickinson's men and characterize his offer as paltry.

Charged With Assault.

In the municipal court this afternoon information was filed by District Attorney W. A. Jackson against James Ward and George Woodruff, of Beloit, charging them with assaulting Frank Vayette, also of Beloit, with a piece of rubber hose filled with sand and stealing \$15 from him on the night of Oct. 28. The examination took place in justice court in Beloit and they were remanded to the municipal court for trial. They were brought up from Beloit this morning and taken before Judge Fifield at 2 o'clock. Both are young men and are quite boisterous looking. They pleaded not guilty and the case was adjourned to Monday, Nov. 18. Silas Menzies of Beloit is counsel for James Ward and Cornelius Buckley is Woodruff's attorney.

HUNTING MATCH AT EDGERTON

Forces of Frank Ash Win by Some 800 Points—Will McIntosh Was Second.

The hunting match which was planned by some of the citizens of Edgerton took place yesterday. Carl Peters was appointed captain of one side and Frank Ash of the other, there being eight on a side. Several kinds of game were on the list, each counting a stated number of points. The time allowed for hunting was from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m.

When the game was counted last night the victory was decided in favor of Frank Ash's forces by some 800 points, the total number of points for his side being some 3,200. Will McIntosh scored the highest individual count having 1,750. The losing side will furnish supper for the crowd some time in the near future.

BAPTIST CHURCH MISSION WORK

Thanksgiving Meetings of the Local Society Yesterday—Addresses by Returned Missionaries

Yesterday was a day of exceptionally strong missionary interest at the Baptist church and one so unusually delightful and interesting that it would make a strong impression on everyone who shared in the inspiration of the meetings.

In the afternoon at 4 o'clock the members of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society held their annual Thanksgiving meeting at which they entertained the officers of the missionary societies of the other churches.

Miss Amanda Horkimer had charge of the program which included words of greeting from Mrs. Q. O. Sutherland, representing the Congregational society; Mrs. J. T. Henderson, for the Presbyterian society; Mrs. C. A. Hunt for the missionary society of Court Street M. E. church and Miss Williams for the women of the First M. E. Church.

The work of the Baptist church was represented by various interesting reports from the foreign mission fields. Mrs. Elizabeth Butler reported the progress of missions in the Telengus for the past year; Mrs. Anderson spoke of what had been accomplished by the work of the Baptist church in Avalon, where Mr. Brooks will open his large general store within a week.

Both bride and groom are well known in this city, where they have resided for many years. The bride is an estimable lady who has a large circle of friends, and the groom is a genial society, and an enterprising business man.

Until recently he has been proprietor of the tea store on the bridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Brooks will go to their new home attended by the best wishes of all who know them.

FAMOUS WOMAN ARTIST DIES

Kate Greenaway, Whose Pictures Brighten Children, Passes Away.

London, Nov. 8.—Miss Kate Greenaway, the artist, is dead. She was an Englishwoman, but was almost as well known in America as in Great Britain and was famous for her work in bringing about a reform in the dress of children. Her dainty pictures of quaint little people in picturesque costumes, of trim gardens and wonderful flowers have enchanted the children of several generations and have given much pleasure to the older folks. Miss Greenaway's first great success was due to the card fever, when people began to send their friends pretty tokens of the various festive seasons of the year. Marcus Ward, the publisher, saw her drawings and secured from her seventy exquisite pictures that brought her fame in many countries. Her "Little Folks' Painting Book" and "Under the Window," containing drawings of children, made her a celebrity. Miss Greenaway inherited her art from her father, a genius at wood-engraving. She was about 50 years old and lived in a picturesque old house on Hampstead Heath, London.

At 7:30 o'clock the regular prayer meeting service was devoted to hearing the message from China brought by Mr. and Mrs. Openshaw, both of whom are earnest, consecrated young people who are very attractive personally and who tell their story in an unusually fascinating manner. They have been stationed at Kaiting, S. Chuan province, Western China, being the farthest west of any of the Chinese missionaries.

After Mrs. Openshaw's address Miss Elizabeth Palmer sang sweetly an exquisite sacred song, "Unanswered" by J. W. Bischoff, the blind organist of Washington, formerly of this city. Prof. J. S. Taylor played her accompaniment.

Mr. and Mrs. Openshaw sang a Chinese song and then Mr. Openshaw told many interesting things concerning China. He was dressed in full Chinese costume of rich silk.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRE.

Norwalk, Conn., Nov. 8.—By an explosion of a lamp Mrs. Guy Remmick, the wife of an Italian laborer, and her three children were burned to death last night.

Pekin, Nov. 8.—There are no signs of public mourning for Earl Li but considerable popular uneasiness is manifested. The report is current the Russian minister endeavored to have Li sign the Manchurian treaty before he died.

Sioux City, Ia., Nov. 8.—The bank of Scotland, S. D., was blown last night. The robbers secured six thousand dollars.

REBELS CAPTURE CITY OF TUMICO

Washington, Nov. 8.—The state department has received a dispatch from Consul Gudger at Panama reporting that the insurgent liberal forces have captured the town of Tumico, seven hundred miles south of Panama, taking six hundred soldiers prisoner and capturing canon, ammunition and one ship.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—The hearing of the arguments in the contempt cases of the editors of the American before Judge Haney closed today. The court left the matter under advisement and will render a decision next Tuesday.

Washington, Nov. 8.—If the amount of the ransom for Miss Stone has been agreed upon the fact has not been reported to the state department. There are no developments in the case so far as the department knows.

Strong Guard for Cleveland. Pittsburg, Nov. 8.—When ex-President Cleveland arrived to take part in the celebration of founders' day at Carnegie Institute he was guarded by six detectives, who escorted him and wife from the station to Schenley hotel. The detectives will remain with him and will follow him wherever he goes until he departs.

TURKEY ACCEPTS ALL DEMANDS FRENCH FLEET TO BE WITHDRAWN

UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER OF THE SULTAN FOLLOWING THE OCCUPATION BY FRANCE OF THE MILEYLENE PORTS—PROPOSE RUSSIAN-FRENCH ALLIANCE.

Constantinople, Nov. 8.—The Porte has officially notified the French charge by letter of the Turkish acceptance of all demands. The Turkish minister of foreign affairs Tewfik Pasha has ordered all Turkish ministers to notify their governments which they are representing of the Turkish action.

Paris, Nov. 8.—Habib Bey, the Turkish charge, here called on Foreign Minister Delcasse this morning and demanded the withdrawal of the French fleet from Turkish waters. As soon as the notification is received that the Sultan has ratified the Porte's decision Admiral Caillard will be called from Mitylene.

Russian-France Alliance. Berlin, Nov. 8.—"It is reported here," says a dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Cologne Gazette, "that

"In well-informed circles in St. Petersburg a fear is expressed that the present steps of France may cause matters to develop so rapidly that Russia, despite the czar's love of peace, may find herself driven into an attitude of another kind in order to safeguard her own interests. Events in Turkey and the Balkans are regarded in political circles with great anxiety."

QUIET A SURPRISE TO THEIR FRIENDS

HAVE SECURED MARGARET HALEY

Marriage of Mrs. Belle Casford and Charles W. Brooks—Took Place at Woodstock, Ill., Nov. 8.

The announcement of the marriage of Mrs. Belle Casford and Charles W. Brooks of this city, will be quite a surprise to their many friends. The wedding, which was a very quiet one, took place Wednesday, Nov. 6, at Woodstock, Ill. The happy couple stole away from this city on the 10:10 train Wednesday morning, and were united in the holy bonds of matrimony that afternoon at 2 o'clock, the ceremony taking place at the home of Rev. A. N. Sunderland, pastor of the Methodist church, and a close personal friend of Mr. Brooks. Mr. and Mrs. Brooks have returned to this city, and tomorrow will open their new home in Avalon, where Mr. Brooks will open his large general store within a week.

Both bride and groom are well known in this city, where they have resided for many years. The bride is an estimable lady who has a large circle of friends, and the groom is a genial society, and an enterprising business man. Until recently he has been proprietor of the tea store on the bridge. Mr. and Mrs. Brooks will go to their new home attended by the best wishes of all who know them.

CONFESSES TO A THEFT OF \$57,000

C. D. Thompson, Macabees Financial Keeper, Admits His Guilt—Order Will Be at No Loss.

Port Huron, Mich., November 8.—Charles B. Thompson, supreme finance keeper of the Supreme Tent of the Knights of the Maccabees, is a self-confessed defaulter in the sum of \$37,000. He took the money to aid his own imperiled business interests and it is thought that almost the entire amount was abstracted from the money paid to him during October. Large as the defalcation is it is less than a quarter of the month's receipts.

Mr. Thompson's office is at Port Huron, Mich., where the order has been managed ever since the organization twenty-one years ago, but is well-known in this city, which is one of the strongholds of the Maccabees; the Chicago lodges having 17,000 members, without counting the 8,000 women who belong to the affiliated order of the Ladies of the Maccabees.

His bold defalcation will, however, not cause more than a moment's ripple in the financial affairs of the benevolent order, for he is under bonds of \$75,000 from the Fidelity and Casualty company.

AN OPERATION ON LITTLE VERA NOLAN

The surgical operation on little Vera Nolan was performed successfully this morning at the Palmer Memorial hospital by Dr. Q. O. Sutherland, assisted by Dr. W. H. Palmer and Dr. James Gibson. Large quantities of pus were taken from both incisions at the ankle and at the shoulder, and the physicians found the condition which they had expected. The end of the fibula and three fourths of the left clavicle were denuded, the periosteum having been destroyed by the inflammation. It had been thought that it might be necessary to remove certain portions of the infected bones but it was decided not to do so at present. Such an operation would make the child a cripple and will be resorted to only as a last chance. Her condition is still very serious, and the physicians can give no opinion as to the outcome although they are hopeful for her recovery.

GOVERNOR CALLS MEETING

Session of State Managers of St. Louis Exposition, Nov. 13.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 8.—Governor La Follette has appointed a meeting of the state board of managers for the St. Louis exposition to be held in the executive chamber on the afternoon of November 13. The members of the board are Senator J. H. Stouffer, ex-Gov. W. D. Horad of Fort Atkinson, former Assemblyman W. H. Flett, of Merrill, William Guder of Milwaukee and Prof. W. A. Scott of the state university.

Labor Union Meeting

The labor union meeting held at assembly hall last night was well attended. It was called to order by R. D. Hogan, of the Independent, who made a few opening remarks, and was followed by President Jenkins of the Painters' union, President Osborne, of the Carpenters' union; M. O'Grady, a Chicago stone cutter working on the city building; Mr. G. W. Hudson and some others.

Successor to Earl Li

Washington, Nov. 8.—Minister Conner informs the state department that Yunn Shi Kai has been appointed by the Chinese government to be viceroy of the province of Chi Li succeeding Li, deceased.

BADGER WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE SOCIETY

The Wisconsin Association Holds Its Eighteenth Annual Convention at Racine.

Racine, Wis., Nov. 8.—The eighteenth annual convention of the Wisconsin Woman's Suffrage association was opened yesterday afternoon by the president, the Rev. Olympia Brown. The evening session was opened with singing by the Congregational church choir, after which Mrs. M. P. Dingee delivered the address of welcome for the Womans' club of Racine. Mrs. A. J. Pierce delivered the greeting to the convention for the Twentieth Century club of this city, which was responded to by Mrs. Clara Eastland for the suffrage society. A lecture followed by the Rev. Florence Buck of Kenosha.

MILLIONS CHANGED HANDS IN GOTHAM

George Wheelock Is the Heaviest Winner and Dave Johnson the Largest Loser.

New York, Nov. 8.—Many of the wagers made on the result of the mayoralty election were settled during the day. Shepard's backers agreeing to accept the statements as published in the morning papers as final. The amount of money placed in the result in the Wall street district alone amounted to over \$20,000,000, and about \$500,000 more was staked up town. The heaviest winner was said to be George Wheelock, a book-maker, and the heaviest loser was said to be "Davy" Johnson, an up-town book-maker. Both are understood to have acted as agents.

Estimates as to the amount of money wagered on the election in Wall street offices differ, but a conservative guess places it at not less than \$500,000. In the majority of cases low bidders gave odds of ten to nine to ten to seven, and in a few instances bets of two to one on the mayoralty contest were reported. A few wagers were placed on the district attorneyship at odds of two to one in Unger's favor, and a few bets were made on Van Wyck's defeat.

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NEW CLAIMS AGAINST TURKEY

Other Powers Are Likely to Follow the Lead of France.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 8.—The news papers here anticipate that, following the lead of France, other powers will discover claims against Turkey. The Russian newspapers generally welcome the French naval demonstration in Turkish waters as a setback to what the Russians terms "German pretensions." One Convict Killed.

Guard Waldrop, who was stationed in a tower in the prison, was shooting at the convicts. The fire was returned and Waldrop fell wounded in the stomach. He raised himself and shot Convict Fort dead. Another shot from a convict struck Waldrop in the forehead and he fell mortally wounded. Another convict, colored, was wounded in the fight at the wall where they escaped.

A hole was rammed through the wall by the convicts and they went out on the run. Several of their number were slightly wounded but escaped with them. The convicts remaining in the prison cheered the escaping desperados. The latter were short term men and did not care to leave. The prisoners went southwest from the city securing several farmers teams and buggies as they went, forcing them to give them up.

Rescue Smallpox Patients.

Des Moines, Nov. 8.—Tracey Home, a

EXPOSITION OF MANUAL TRAINING; DECLARATION BY PROF. GEO. M. BRACE

Training of the Hand Gives Mental Power--Science Has Adopted the Manual Training Idea.

Reader, do you know the answer to this question? Perhaps you think you do, and you may be right; but it is safe to say that you are in the minority if you can satisfactorily answer it.

Manual training is not a new idea in this country, as Benjamin Franklin and Thomas Jefferson both included the idea in their plans for an academy. But their thoughts were more nearly those of the public today than those of the educators of today, namely: the teaching of a trade to both boys and girls.

One sentence contains the reason for the existence of manual training departments in our public school system and that is the well known fact that "Training of the hand gives mental power."

Greek, algebra and many other subjects have for a long time been incorporated in our curricula not for the practical value they may have as merely information subjects, but because of the mental power they develop, which is after all the desideratum in all education. It would be impossible to furnish each pupil of our schools with the information he will need in life's journey, for who can see into the future far enough to determine what it has in store, or who can guess what new problems and questions must be met and answered in the prosecution of our profession? Our education must develop and establish in each individual a basis, a sure foundation, a base of supplies which will furnish the material necessary to cope with the difficulties as they arise. There can be no question in the minds of educated people concerning the above platitude; it has long been recognized and acknowledged. Not many years ago the sciences were taught from books later the principle of Pestalozzi entered the class room, and we stood open-eyed and open-minded as the truths of science were demonstrated with the apparatus in the hands of the teacher; but today Froebel's idea has taken possession, and the pupils performs the experiments.

Science has in this way adopted the manual training idea; it is the pupil's hand that creates the conditions, his eye that watches the changes, and his mind that reaches the conclusions; and such are the results in intellectual development that Greek Latin and mathematics are no longer considered as the only intellectual subjects for college training. What the manual training idea has done for science teaching it will do for mathematics and kindred subjects. Judge Orrin N. Carter, of Cook county gave a talk last Saturday to principals of the Chicago schools; in which he pointed out to them the general dissatisfaction among professional and business men regarding the teaching of practical things in our schools. Any one who doubts the existence of this dissatisfaction needs but enter the business places of Janesville and make inquiries.

The trouble has been that the pupil has had no opportunity to sense such a subject of arithmetic. He commits facts to memory, and, if memory be good, he stands well in his classes;

GEO. M. BRACE.



FANCES GAUNT, AS "BARBARA FSETCHIE."

Clyde Fitch, the author of "Barbara Frietchie" with Miss Frances Gaunt in the title role will be seen here at the Myers Grand tonight.

There is no questioning the statement that one of the choicest and best theatrical offerings of the year is the legend upon which Whittier found his famous poem. In his own way with a result which justifies his employment of the old material and the old name. He has put some of his customary touches of humor in the earlier scenes. The children playing hide-and-seek on a summer evening, the remarks of the coquettish village belles, and some of the minor doings are of a quality he has made familiar in his other plays. But he has worked this time on a larger canvas, with a freer hand. The greater and finer scenes of his play have noble proportions. "Barbara

The wonder, and mystery, as well as the beauty and excellence of the pictures exhibited at the Kinodrome Show will live in your memory when many other scenes have faded away into forgetfulness. Opera House three nights, commencing Nov. 14. Popular prices will prevail.

Excursion to Madison via C. & N. W. Ry., Saturday, Nov. 16. Account Minnesota-Wisconsin football game at Madison, Saturday Nov. 16th an excursion will be run under the auspices of the Imperial band via

STOMACHS THAT WON'T WORK.

That Retain the Food and Refuse to Digest It, Makes the Head Heavy and the Nerves Weak, Need Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

There is a cure for dyspepsia. Surgeons who have tried noxious nostrums will probably be skeptical, but skepticism vanishes when Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are tried. Whether

the subject does not touch his life or experience. Put that pupil into the manual training school—the boy into the shop and the girl in the kitchen—and at once mathematical facts become distinct ideas.

Many, possibly the majority, of those who favor manual training understand it is intended to develop mechanical skill and prepare students for industrial pursuits. What is manual training then if it is not the teaching of handicraft or trades? It does all of this, but its purpose in education is to develop and enrich the intellect, to develop the power of concentration and sensibility, and is elevating in that it is the worst foe to vice and crime in that the ranks of the vicious and criminal are not replenished by busy young men and women.

It is the duty of schools to produce parallel growths of all the faculties, leaving the pupils free to swing out in life with no distorted tastes or narrowed views. The training of the hand ministers to this parallel development; the pupil has been touched by the activities of a miniature world and his powers are greater because he can better command them. As a result his academic studies are learned more easily and better.

It is the opinion of the best educators that a manual training pupil is a better student of history or languages than he would be without manual training; his mental activities respond as never before, and the listless, careless boy begins to think as a man.

Good as these general benefits are they are not the sum; there are special benefits in many cases.

Take the boy whose memory is poor, who lacks in imagination, and who has felt the sting of the teacher's verdict—"stupid." He has lost self-reliance and courage, takes little interest in school, impatiently waits for vacations when his pent up energy finds free expression in other activities where he often proves he has faculties of no mean order. Put the pupil into manual training work and he is as bright as his classmates—indeed he often excels here; self-reliance springs into life, he begins to think he is not so stupid as his teachers have claimed and hope revives.

Slowly but surely he emerges from his mental gloom and becomes a strong, clear-headed student.

An intellect has been saved to the nation and a human life made larger and capable of greater enjoyment.

There are some things regarding manual training that should be kept constantly in mind.

First—That although it does teach trades and manual dexterity, that is not its purpose.

Second—That all mental activity develops brain power.

Third—That the active life of today demands as never before a practical education.

Fourth—That schools do not develop self-reliance, quick and accurate judgment—in any greater degree than they did twenty-five years ago.

Fifth—That manual training claims that it is a solution of the question as to how to meet these demands.

Excursion Rates to Chicago via, C. M. & St. P. Ry.

Nov. 4, 5 and 6, good to return until Nov. 11; account Horse Show. For rates, time of trains, etc., call at passenger station; phone 191.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

J. P. Baker, Geo. E. King & Co.,
E. B. Helmstreet, E. O. Smith & Co.,
People's Drug Co., H. E. Raunes & Co.,
Janesville, Wis.

Very Low Rates to Fort Worth, Tex., via, C. M. & St. P. Ry.

Nov. 14, 15 and 16, good to return until Nov. 25; account convention National W. C. T. U. Further particulars at passenger station.

JANESVILLE MARKET PRICES

Quotations on Grain and Produce Are Reported for The Gazette.

Reported by R. E. McGuire.

Nov. 6; 1901.

Flour—Retails at \$0.05 to \$1.10 per bushel.

Wheat—Spring \$0.05; winter \$0.075.

Buckwheat Flour—Retails at \$1.00 cwt.

Rye—\$0.25 to \$0.30 per bushel.

Corn—Ear, old, \$1.00 to \$1.15 per bushel.

Wheat—\$0.10 per ton.

Oats—Common to best, white, \$0.10 to \$0.15 per bushel.

Clover—\$0.05 to \$0.10 per bushel.

Timothy—\$0.05 to \$0.10 per bushel.

Fodder—\$0.10 to \$0.15 per ton.

Bran—\$0.10 to \$0.15 per ton.

Middlings—\$0.10 to \$0.15 per ton.

Meal—\$0.10 to \$0.15 per ton.

Hay—Clover, \$0.05 to \$0.10 per ton.

Straw—\$0.02 to \$0.03 per ton for east end rye.

Potatoes—New \$0.05 to \$0.10 per bushel.

Bacon—\$0.10 to \$0.15 per bushel.

Butter—Best dairy, 17¢ to 20¢.

Eggs—10¢ to 12¢ dozen.

Poultry—Spirin chickens 6¢ lb.

Wool—Washed, 10¢ to 12¢ lb.

Hides—\$0.10 to \$0.15 per lb.

Peas—Quintuple, 2¢ to 3¢ lb.

Carrots—\$0.10 to \$0.15 per lb.

Roots—\$0.05 to \$0.10 per lb.

Seeds—2¢ to 3¢ lb.; lambs, 3¢ to 4¢ lb.

A Chinese Recipe.

The value of the recipe lies partly in its being accurately set down and followed. Harper's Magazine has the following directions for making a breakfast delicacy called popovers, as they were imparted by the Chinese servant to a lady visiting in the family:

"You take him, one egg," said the master of the kitchen, "one lit' cup milk. You fixee him one cup flour on sieve, take pinch salt—you not put him in lump. You move him egg lit' bit slow; you put him milk in, all time move. You makes him flou go in, not move fast, so have no spots. Makee but'led pan all same wa'm, not too hot. Put fee him in oven. Now you mind you business. No like woman run look at him all time. Him done all same time biscuit."

WHEN WHITEHEAD
WAS A COLLEGIAN

WHEN WHITEHEAD WAS A COLLEGIAN

He Worked His Way Through School,

But Would Not Act as Table

Waiter.

Editor Amos P. Wilder, of the Madison State Journal, attended the Centennial reunion recently held at Yale college, and in his write-up of the occasion he speaks of Hon. J. M. Whitehead, of Janesville, as follows: I find Whitehead is being watched with interest by the men who knew him at Williston preparatory school and Yale. I knew the Janesville man worked his way, but a classmate tells me John was distinctive in his struggles. Perhaps there was no poorer man in his class. It is said one suit of clothes saw him through the course and no man was more respected. On graduation day, a sort of day of judgment for collegians, Whitehead was cheered to the echo. He did so much outside work for a living that his scholarship was not marked enough to equip him to "tutor" defective students, but he worked at whatever his hands found to do. Unlike many, Whitehead would not "wait on table"—a favorite way of earning college support; nor would he do other menial tasks of this sort. Not because he was ashamed to do any honest task, but he preferred to toil with his hands in odd hours and vacations, in trenches or anywhere else. The Yale "push" have great confidence in Whitehead, whose good sense, integrity and powers of leadership were conceded when he was a boy.

**J. M. BOSTWICK
& SONS.**

THE BIG STORE 20, 22, 24, 26, 28,

S. MAIN ST.

JANESVILLE, WIS.

WE KEEP THE QUALITY UP.

**SILKS
For Waists.**

**Flannel or
Wash
Taffetas....**

of these we show 30 colorings in plain and a large assortment fancies, all one color and two tone effects, small designs.

**Fancy Silk
Waists**

A large collection of the newest ideas in Roman and lace stripes, brocades, figures, dots, plain and dotted crepe de chine, plain peau de soie, &c.

Trimmings

More beautiful than ever. Impossible to describe them all. We could cover a page telling about the many lovely things to be found here.

Applique creations in black and white taffeta, velvet, rich embroidery, &c., and colored appliques that are exquisite.

Persian bands, from narrow to wide, 100 different ideas, a wonderful collection.

**Boleros
and Collars**

in new lace styles, white, ecru and black.

**Fancy
Braids...**

and everything in plain braids, both all wool and silk, an endless variety.

**All
Overs**

Many rich new things have been received the past 10 days. Tucked and Shirred silk muslins, all over laces, elaborately embroidered novelties, &c., in black, white and colored. No such line to be seen elsewhere outside of the large cities. It is immense.

Velvets

Over 200 shades of silk velvet and panne velvet to select from. Rare values in black.

Velveteen

We show the leading colors in 22 inch velveteen, close pile, rich and lustrous, the Boulevard brand at 60 and 90c. Extra heavy black velveteen at \$1 and \$1.25. Velveteens are being largely used for waists and whole dresses. Excellent values here.

W. H. BONSTEEL.

Office In Rear of Post-

Office. Phone 597.

Claims on Millionaire's Estate.

Mark Hirschberg of Morenci, Mich.,

has completed the work of establishing his claim as one of the four heirs

to an estate of \$1,500,000 left by his uncle, Aaron Brinneur, in Russia.

Hirschberg has sold his tailor shop in Morenci and will leave for Russia.



A HEALTH RESTORER

When you need a bracing up and wish to look the picture of robust health, indulge yourself in the pleasure of a bottle of Buch's STAR EXPORT BEER.

It gives both pleasure and satisfaction as a thirst killer, an appetizer and a tonic.

SOUTH SIDE BREWERY.

Phone 141.

**Fill Up
Your Cup**

with our good old

**Whiskies or
Wines**

when you feel the need of a stimulant that will have no bad "afterwards." This liquor is purity itself, with age enough to make it mellow and healthful.

We Deliver Goods.

W. C. HART

East Milwaukee Street. Phone No. 3.

COURT HAS THE SCHLEY CASE

Judge Advocate Lemly Closes His Review of Evidence.

SCHLEY CHEERED BY CROWD.

No Verdict for Weeks—Admiral Dewey Says Verdict Will Not Be Given for Two Months—Last Words and Scenes of the Trial.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 8.—Judge Advocate Lemly concluded his argument in the Schley court of inquiry in the afternoon, thus closing the case, but Admiral Dewey and his associates on the stand said the verdict would not be rendered in less than two months, as they would have to assimilate and digest the testimony. The closing of the final session of the tribunal, the most famous in naval history, was attended with that simplicity which has marked the entire course of the court. When the Judge Advocate concluded his argument Admiral Dewey brought his gavel with a sharp knock on his desk and said: "The court is adjourned." The presiding officer was extremely happy that this much of his task was finished, and he turned to Admiral Schley, heartily shook hands with him and congratulated the applicant that the inquiry had been concluded. There was a general leave taking, the members of the court bidding good-by to Admiral Schley, Mr. Rayner, Captain Parker, Mr. Teague, the Admiral's secretary, Judge Advocate Lemly, Lieutenant Ward, and Mr. Hanna. Every one connected with the court congratulated the others that their duties had been completed.

Schley Cheered by Crowd.

Admiral Schley and his attorneys were detained in the courtroom some minutes, and before leaving the enclosure in which the court sat he and Mr. Rayner sent for the newspaper men who have been keeping the country advised of the progress of the trial and thanked them for the manner in which they had done their work. The audience was a large one and Rear Admiral Schley was then forced to shake hands with several hundred persons before he was able to make his way out of the courtroom. As he left the building he was met by 500 or 600 persons, one of whom called for three cheers for Schley, which were heartily given.

Lemly's Closing Argument.

In his argument the Judge Advocate admitted that Rear Admiral Schley was not guilty of cowardice while in command of the flying squadron, but that he did exhibit unsteadiness of purpose. Captain Lemly also admitted that the Brooklyn did take conspicuous part in the battle of Santanico, but that it was a captain's battle where they all did their duty and were not controlled by any person. The Judge Advocate attempted to deprive Admiral Schley of the credit for the victory and give to Captain Cook the credit for turning back the flying squadron when on the retrograde movement.

Admiral Schley Not a Coward.

Captain Lemly closed his speech, in part, and the entire argument of the case with the following words: "From my knowledge of the man, having served under his command on two cruises, I have never believed, nor do I claim from the evidence, that personal misconduct—or, to call a spade a spade, cowardice—was exhibited by Commodore Schley in any part of his career as Commander-in-Chief of the flying squadron."

Twins at Congressman Foss' Home.
Chicago, Nov. 8.—Congressman George E. Foss has been entertaining two politicians at his home in Gordon terrace since last Monday. The term "politicians" is used because the Congressman says they demand much and get everything they want. Thus far the twins have not been christened. Unfortunately for the Congressman, neither will ever be a voter unless woman's suffrage becomes a fact in the next twenty years.

World's Catch of Seals.

San Francisco, Nov. 8.—Not including the comparatively few fur seal-skins which were brought directly to this port, the total catch in the north this season was 24,127. The Bering sea catch was 10,314, the Copper Island catch, 3,838, the coast catch 8,985, and the approximate Indian catch, 1,000 skins. The world's catch for this season is approximately 54,000 skins.

Object to Reciprocity.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 8.—The Southern California Fruit Exchange has adopted resolutions strongly protesting against the ratification of the reciprocity treaties which will come before congress at its approaching session. The directors of the chamber of commerce passed similar resolutions.

Max O'Rell in New York.

Now York, Nov. 8.—Paul Blouet, better known as Max O'Rell, the critic and commentator, arrived here on the steamship Oceanic for a five months' stay in this country. He will deliver a series of lectures on "Peculiar Persons I Have Met," made up of incidents of his extensive travels.

Need Not Attend Mass.

Paris, Nov. 8.—M. de Lassan, minister of marine, has notified the officers of the navy that attendance at mass is no longer compulsory. Invitations to attend such services obtained the semblance of an order, says the minister.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

	Chicago Board of Trade.	Wheat—Open. High. Low. Close.
Dec . . .	\$ 71 7/8	\$ 72 1/2 \$ 71 7/8 \$ 72 1/2
May . . .	74 1/2	75 1/2 74 1/2 75 1/2
Corn—		
Dec . . .	59	59 1/2 59 1/2 59
May . . .	61 1/2	62 1/2 61 1/2 62 1/2
Oats—		
Dec . . .	37 1/2	38 1/2 37 1/2 38 1/2
May . . .	39 1/2	40 1/2 39 1/2 40 1/2
Pork—		
Jan . . .	14.80	14.87 1/2 14.80 14.85
May . . .	14.97 1/2	15.05 14.95 15.05
Lard—		
Dec . . .	8.47 1/2	8.50 8.47 1/2 8.50
Jan . . .	8.50	8.52 1/2 8.47 1/2 8.50
May . . .	8.65	8.67 1/2 8.62 1/2 8.65

For Envelopes Paris.

Paris, Nov. 8.—Paris has been wrapped in a dense fog all day. This evening the pall of darkness became thicker than ever. Nothing like this Cimmerian darkness has been known here during recent years. Indeed, the impenetrable cloud resembled a London fog at its worst.

Gen. James Hagan Is Dead.

Mobile, Ala., Nov. 8.—Gen. James Hagan died at his home here at the age of 80 years. He was a Mexican war veteran, joining Col. Hay's Texas rangers and taking part in the storming of Monterey. Later he was commissioned a captain in the Third dragoons and served under Gen. Taylor.

At the beginning of the civil war he was commissioned a captain, and shortly after became a major in Gen. Wirt Adams' regiment. After the battle of Shiloh he was made colonel of the Third Alabama cavalry. The last two years of the war he was a brigade commander under Gen. Wheeler. He was wounded three times, and before the close of the war was promoted to the rank of brigadier-general. Gen. Hagan was born in Ireland.

Last Rail Is Put Down.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 8.—The last rail of the Northern Manchuria railway was laid on Monday, the anniversary of the coronation of Emperor Nicholas. The line connects Vladivostok with the great Siberian railway. It is expected that it will be opened in a few months and it will greatly shorten the journey to the far east. The only break in the journey from Moscow to Vladivostok will be Lake Balkal. The construction of the railroad around the lake will not be finished for some years. The line connecting Port Arthur with the Northern Manchurian railway is now open.

Robert G. Houston Named.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The president has appointed Robert G. Houston collector of customs for the District of Delaware. The announcement of the appointment followed a visit from Representative Ball of Delaware and ended a controversy which has been prolonged for several years owing to the deadlock between the Addicks and Dupont factions. William H. Cooper, whom Mr. Houston will succeed, was appointed by Mr. Cleveland.

New Minister Is Presented.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Baron Ludovic Moncheur, the newly appointed Belgian minister to the United States, accompanied by Charles C. Wauters, counselor of the Belgian legation at Washington, called at the state department and was presented formally to Secretary Hay, who escorted his callers to the white house and formally presented them to the president.

Both Duellists Wounded.

Marion, Mo., Nov. 8.—Mann Holman and Junior Meredith fought with revolvers in the principal street of the city. Holman is dying with a bullet over his heart and Meredith is not expected to live. The trouble is said to have started over a game of cards. Ten shots were fired, four of them taking effect.

Capt. W. M. Grant Dies.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 8.—Captain W. M. Grant, probably the wealthiest man in Atlanta, died here aged 63. He owned two large office buildings and other property in the business district and was identified with several financial institutions in the east.

Old Treaty Is Abrogated.

Mangana, Nicaragua, Nov. 8.—President Zelaya has issued a decree abrogating on Oct. 24, 1902, the Dickinson-Ayon treaty of 1867 between the United States and Nicaragua.

Hinton, Iowa, Bank Is Robbed.

Silo City, Iowa, Nov. 8.—Burglars entered the bank at Hinton during the night, blew open the safe, and escaped with \$1,500.

Applied Knowledge.

"Spell ferment and give its definition," requested the teacher. "Fer-m-e-n-t, to work," responded a diminutive maiden. "Now place it in a sentence, so that I may be sure you understand its meaning," said the teacher. "In summer I would rather play out-of-doors than ferment in the school-house," returned the small scholar.

Hatless Dudes at Large.

In London last summer it was the custom of swells and clubmen to go without their hats when in evening clothes. The spectacle of young men going about to theaters or society functions without headgear became so common that it attracted very little attention.

Mrs. E. C. James, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. B. P. Crossman, returned to her home in the town of Ec-

lin this morning.

King's Pharmacy, Peopie's Drug Company.

A DAY'S RAILROAD WRECKS**List of the Dead and Badly Injured.****FIVE ACCIDENTS REPORTED.**

Trolley Cars Run Into by Locomotives in Two Cities and Many Victims of Other Mishaps to Trains—Bad Luck of Trainmen.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 8.—A Chicago Great Western freight train ran into a trolley car at the James street intersection of the Kaw River in Kansas City, Kan., early in the day, injuring six persons, two of whom may die. The injured are: Charles Lawrence, aged 71, passenger; three ribs broken; severely bruised; probably fatal. E. C. Mourning, aged 38; forehead cut; severely hurt. Mrs. Sadie Reed, colored, aged 25; nose broken, chest hurt. Vesta Roach, colored, aged 26; shoulder sprained; leg hurt. John L. Schnackenberg, motorman, aged 34; foot broken. Roland H. Williams, conductor of trolley car, aged 23; badly bruised and cut by glass; windpipe nearly severed; probably fatal.

THREE TRAINMEN KILLED.

Fatal Collision on the Frisco Road at North Springfield, Mo.

Springfield, Mo., Nov. 8.—Three trainmen, all of Springfield, were killed on the Frisco road in North Springfield in a collision between a switch engine and a "double-header." The dead:

WILL NICHOLS, engineer of switch engine.

HARRY ROSIN, fireman of switch engine.

JOHN TYRNER, switchman, who was standing on switch engine tender.

The engineer and the fireman were caught between the tank and the boiler of the rear engine of the "double-header" and scalded to death.

LaCrosse, Wis., Nov. 8.—A wreck occurred on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road near New Lisbon, Wis., when a passenger train on the Wisconsin Valley division collided with a freight train on the main line. Fireman Frank Lyons of the Valley train who lived at T... was killed.

Wreck Near Marion, Ind.

Anderson, Ind., Nov. 8.—The Marion-bound car on the Interurban Electric Road was wrecked at a switch near Alexandria in the evening while running at high speed. The twenty-four passengers were hurled from their seats and five were seriously injured, as follows: Mrs. John Miller, Alexandria; broken rib and severe scalp wounds. John Miller, bruised on head, arms and legs. Joseph Scott, Indianapolis; cut by glass. Ernest West, Fortville; broken knee. W. D. Doltzen, Anderson; wounds on scalp and body.

Wreck Near Stevens Point, Wis.

Milwaukee, Nov. 8.—Three trainmen were seriously hurt in a wreck on the Wisconsin Central road near Stevens Point. Several gravel cars on a siding at Lake Emily got away and jumped the switch at the main line and were run into by a freight train. The seriously injured are: Engineer Holman, Fireman Mcgregor, Brakeman Boyle.

A Fireman Killed.

La Crosse, Wis., Nov. 8.—Fireman Frank Lyons of Tomah was killed in a collision between a St. Paul passenger train and a freight train at New Lisbon in the morning.

NERVOUSNESS

upsets the stomach and prevents the nutritive elements from getting into the blood. The stomach finally rebels against food and the result is dyspepsia. The Bitters will strengthen the nerves and cure dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, flatulency, also create a hearty appetite, purify the blood and build up the system. Be sure to try it.

HOSTETTER'S**Stomach Bitters**

upsets the stomach and prevents the nutritive elements from getting into the blood. The stomach finally rebels against food and the result is dyspepsia. The Bitters will strengthen the nerves and cure dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, flatulency, also create a hearty appetite, purify the blood and build up the system. Be sure to try it.

King's Pharmacy, Peopie's Drug Company.

FREE! FREE!

To The Ladies of Janesville. This week only, Madame Ethereal will give one trial treatment free of charge to every lady calling at her parlors.

The testimonial Mme. Ethereal receives daily, were she allowed to publish them, would be enough to convince the most skeptical of our age.

Mme. Ethereal solicits the worst cases of wrinkles, pimples, blackheads, superfluous hair, warts, moles, and all facial blemishes and more especially failing hair, baldness and general debilitates.

Do not let this opportunity pass, as you will never have another like it. Shampooing, hairdressing and manuring parlors in connection.

Parlors: 224-226 Hayes Block, Wis. Phone 211. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m.; 1 to 6 p.m.

MME. ETHEREAL'S FACIAL INST.

King's Pharmacy, Peopie's Drug Company.

THE WIDE AWAKE.**Shoe Sale!**

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.
We propose to make these two days busy ones in our Shoe department. We handle only first class well made, good fitting, good wearing shoes. No others are allowed to find a place on our shelves.

Men's \$4.00 enamel shoes

\$3.20

For.....

\$2.89

Men's 3.50 and \$4.00 box calf and Rus-

sian calf shoes, Goodyear welt, extension soles

Men's 8.50 and \$8.25 velour calf shoes,

\$2.83

For this sale.....

\$1.95

Men's \$2.50 vici kid shoes

\$1.95

For this sale.....

Ladies' 8.50 and \$8.00 welt shoes, ex-

tension soles, for this sale.....

\$2.69

Ladies' fine hand turned shoes, kid or pat-

ent tip, regular 8.25 and \$8.50

\$2.69

Ladies' \$2.50 box calf shoes, extension

THE JANESEVILLE GAZETTE

Entered at the post office at Janesville, Wisc., as second class matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Edition, one year.....	\$6.00
Per month.....	.50
Weekly Edition, one year.....	1.50
Long Distance Telephone No. 77.	
Business Office.....	77-2
Editorial Rooms.....	77-3

WISCONSIN WEATHER FORECAST

Partly cloudy, warmer Saturday, fair.

MCKINLEY MEMORIAL OFFERING

The following is the form of subscription blanks sent out by the National Memorial association.

The undersigned, residents of State of Wisconsin, hereby subscribe the sum set opposite our names for the purpose of erecting a suitable memorial to the memory of our late lamented president, William McKinley, in accordance with the plans of the McKinley National Memorial association which contemplates a monument at Canton, and a suitable memorial at Washington.

GOVERNOR AND HIS TRAIN.

Marquette Eagle: "Some of the democratic newspapers are attempting to hold the republican party responsible for the campaign trip of last fall, when Robt. M. LaFollette toured the state in a special car and train, which had the right or way everywhere" and which the sworn statements show cost only \$55,55 per day. Unfortunately, the party is obliged to take a small part of the blame for this transaction, though it ought not to be credited with all of it. When Mr. La Follette, long posing as the ardent critic of the railroad corporations, was nominated for governor, it was not thought possible that he would so truckle to them as to consent to be their beneficiary in a matter of that kind. No one believed that he would accept a service of that kind at less than the regular rates. No one would have believed that he, one of the champions of the anti-pass movement, would have been one of the first to break the law in letter and spirit. The arrangements made for that train were not those of the republican party, as such, but of Mr. La Follette and a few of his innermost circle of friends and backers. Had the state central committee as a body acted on the matter instead of the chairman, or Mr. La Follette, we do not believe that the charge could be laid at the door of the party. Here we say that the party, as such, is unfortunate-rather than blameworthy for the action of its candidate. That the great body of republicans in the state do not approve of the special favors then received from the railroads is a matter of common knowledge. They were misled and deceived by one whom they believed at the time of his nomination was an honest reformer, but whose subsequent acts belie the belief."

The railroad company had the right to make any kind of a transportation contract that it desired. The Marquette paper has a right however to criticize Governor La Follette for being a party to railroad favoritism. The anti-pass law was a forced measure, sprung upon a republican convention by A. R. Hall, about the only honest supporter of the measure in the party. It was attached to the platform as a matter of policy, pure and simple, as was evident to every man in attendance when the act was performed. Governor La Follette and the men that were shouting for him in the convention, saw an opportunity to attach the farce to the list of reform measures, and due credit was claimed for forcing the convention to adopt it.

The \$1,000 train was an object lesson, and people have been guessing ever since, how a reform governor could be a party to that kind of reform. This is a world of surprises, and Wisconsin is not destitute of political material.

JUSTICE TO ADMIRAL SCHLEY.

The government should pay the cost of the Schley investigation, and reimburse the gallant officer who has been persecuted, rather than prosecuted, by a court of inquiry. Whatever may be the decision of this august body, Admiral Schley is not only vindicated in the court of public opinion, but his recital of the famous bombardment off Santiago has so refreshed the memory that his title of hero is not only reestablished, but new lustre is added to his name.

Admiral Schley is the victim of jealousy on the part of a handful of brother officers. Jealousy of a peculiar brand, known only to army and navy circles. While the people were exultant over the success of a navy of which any nation might be proud, and while the world paid tribute to gallant officers and capable men, this little coterie of naval officials, green with envy, and purple with indignation, was plotting to tarnish the fair name, and belittle the character of the man who, by accident, happened to be the leader in a noted engagement, forcing him at last, in defense of honor, to demand a court of investigation.

The whole thing from start to finish has been a disgrace to the nation.

The American navy is not composed of a flagship and half a dozen admirals, who through prestige, won by seniority, happened to be at the front in the war with Spain.

The success that came to this navy

in the late engagement, was not a city will claim that Providence had flagship or admiral's victory. It something to do with it, as they did mean vastly more than that.

The glory that succeeded, was at the time of the Chicago fire. The responsibility, however, rests with bright enough to light up the hold of the town for its fire traps in the way every battleship where brave and loyal men were faithfully performing the hard and homely tasks of duty, prompted by the same spirit of patriotism that inspired the heart of the men on the bridge or in the fighting top.

The victory won was broad enough to cover every craft that floated the stars and stripes, whether engaged in transport service or at the front.

Back of the victory and the honor was the nation, to which the navy owed its existence and efficiency. Every shot that was fired at Manila and at Santiago, with such telling effect, spoke volumes for the men behind the guns. When five hundred men volunteered to join the little blocking squadron, with the Merrimac, the act said to the world, the American navy is composed of the right kind of material.

When the short and decisive war was over, the navy, and not the flagships, and officers in command alone, was the pride of the nation, and a surprise to the world. It has lost none of its glory, but the unseemly fight on one of its most gallant and worthy officers, has tarnished its fair name, and the victory won by either side will be destitute of honor or anything else worth recording in history.

Admiral Schley was forced into this contest against his wishes. The investigation has been expensive for him, and whether he wins or loses, he should not be called upon to foot the bill. Public sentiment is with him as an officer, and has been from the eventful day when he led his fleet to victory. Congress should reimburse him for needless expense. The people will approve of the act, and the man is entitled to this much consideration.

MANUAL TRAINING.

In another part of the paper will be found a communication from Professor Brace, the manual training instructor in the High school.

Mr. Brace makes a very strong plea for this very practical branch of education, and while he fully appreciates the value of literary attainment, and is fully equipped mentally, for this class of work, he recognizes that the education of the hand and all that goes with it is of vital importance.

The world is long on good people who are dependent upon the brain and ability of some one else to find them employment, and the means of livelihood. Not that it is a disgrace to be an employee in any honest calling, but there is an air of dependence about it that should never satisfy the ambition of any young man or woman, when ready to take up the responsibilities of life.

Neenah Times, Dem.: A peculiarity just now among those newspapers owned by syndicates is that they are all booming some of their big stockholders for office. The Sheboygan Telegram is the latest paper of this kind to appear in this role, and it is booming ex-Mayor Fred A. Bennett for governor on the republican ticket. The telegram better wait till it hears from Neenah.

Rond du Lac Reporter, Dem.: Some of the editors of the state are openly declaring that the Neenah News was purchased for Jake Bloom that he might wield his pen in the interests of the Hon. S. A. Cook for the nomination for governor on the republican ticket. Then it is not to be a fact.

Oshkosh Northwestern: A telephone girl at Seattle refused to connect a subscriber with the fire department because the man offended her by his haste. It proved to be a \$60,000 fire and the telephone company was sued for damages on account of the negligence of the hello girl. Even the arrogance of a "central" must have a limit somewhere.

Better the boy behind the plane at \$10 per week, with a love for his work, than the boy behind the counter at the same salary, unless he possesses commercial ability and ambition that will make him more than a clerk.

Janesville is fortunate in having a manual training department. It is entitled to every encouragement.

Results will warrant liberal support, because it deals with the practical side of life and is removed from the field of fade, that at the present time infest the public schools.

UNJUSTLY CRITICISED.

Governor Durbin of Indiana, is being criticised by the democratic press for the authority he has assumed regarding ex-Governor Taylor. The Indiana official refused to recognize extradition papers for Taylor's return to Kentucky for trial in connection with the Goebel murder.

Whatever opinion democracy may entertain concerning Governor Durbin's position, public sentiment, at least, is with him. Kentucky justice just now is a byword, and the courts of that state are so partisan, that a fair and impartial trial is out of the question, if in any way connected with the Goebel murder case.

The trial of ex-State Treasurer Powers was a farce, that the governor of Indiana fully realized. The same court would have to do with Taylor, and the prejudice against him, would have found him guilty without the aid of a court.

It may be unpleasant for ex-Governor Taylor to be an exile, but freedom in Indiana is better by far than a cell in his own state.

The holocaust at Hurley, and the loss of life attending, is a sad chapter in the every day history of events. People who have denounced the wickedness of the little northern

one of the earliest symptoms of a breaking down of the mind is a de-

a city will claim that Providence had something to do with it, as they did mean vastly more than that.

The man who keeps his troubles to himself escapes some new ones, and also avoids being a nuisance.

Milwaukee Journal.

PEACE AND HARMONY.

Harmony! How sweet the sound, and yet how faint the echo.

Peace at any price that the other fellow is willing to pay.

Bargains in harmony and job lots of conciliation invite the eager throng.

Let us have peace, but don't interfere with the daily grind of the organs of discord.

The grace of forgiveness is a choice article, that your neighbor ought to possess.

If you don't think as I think, you haven't any business to be a thinker.

If you would walk a mile to make up with an enemy, how far would you go the other way to avoid meeting him?

We want peace and harmony and brotherly love and charity, but the other fellow won't have it, and there you are.

YOUR WANTS

Can Be Made Known Through The Gazette Want Column. 3 Lines 3 Times For 25c.

The following letters await owner in the Gazette counting room: "Y," "G," "X," "B," and "C."

WANTED—Three-tray thread case at Ga

zette office.

YOUNG MEN for Railway Mail Clerks Inter-State Corres. Inst., Cedar Rapids, Ia.

WANTED—One-horse lumber wagon. Inquire of H. T. Keller, Baines' warehouse.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework; small family. Inquire at 407 Court street.

WANTED—Man with right to introduce Monarch Poultry Mixtures: \$20 weekly and expenses. "Excelsior" is a good pet. Address with stamp, Monarch Mfg. Co., Box 1000 Springfield, Illinois.

FASHIONABLE dressmaker would like a few more customers; new phone 387, 101 Franklin street.

WANTED—Good strong boy 16 to 18 years old, to work in dry goods store. Apply at Bert Bailey & Co's.

STOVE CASTINGS nickel plated, cutler and tableware silver plated. Prices reasonable. All work guaranteed. Janesville Flat Works, 162 N. Franklin street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Three rooms, fronting park; bath, city water and gas. E. N. Fredendall, 27 South Main street.

FOR RENT—Store adjoining Opera House entrance. Possession given at once. Peter L. Myers.

FOR RENT—Suite of newly remodeled rooms in the Opera House block. Peter L. Myers.

FOR RENT—House, 408 South River street. Enclose 57 Western Avenue.

FOR RENT—House at 156 South Franklin St. Inquire at 156 South Franklin street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy and harness for sale cheap, if taken at once. Inquire at 307 West Bluff street.

FOR SALE—Preparations will be received at the office of the county clerk, on or before Tuesday, Nov. 13, 1901, for the sale of Lot 4, block 5, known as the old jail property, subject to the action of the county board. Simon Smith, Ed. Hetheran, J. D. Godfrey.

FOR SALE—White enamel bedstead, matress and wire springs. Inquire at 107 Court street.

FOR SALE—Two-chair Barber shop in town of 600. Only shop in town. A bargain if taken at once. S. Cleveland, Orfordville, Wis.

FOR SALE—\$20 buys two-chair barber shop outfit, including two pool and one billiard table and doing a good business. Address F. C. Nelson, Oakfield, Wis.

FOR SALE—The best heating coal stove made, but little used. Will sell it for much less than value. C. E. Bowles.

FOR SALE—Large house, with all modern improvements, at Buckleton Farm; also barn for driving horses, carriage houses, and seventeen acres of land. More land and a large barn if desired. Beautiful site commanding a view of the city of Janesville, Beloit, Clinton, and the sloping prairies of the Rock River Valley fifteen miles. Geo. Woodruff, Adm'r.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LOST—Bunch of keys. Finder return to this office and receive reward.

LOST—Bunch of keys. Finder please return to Kentschler Bros., 214 S. Main St.

WHY NOT YOU?

If you want to learn shorthand, type writing or bookkeeping, to be used as a means of livelihood, the only place to which to learn them is the Janesville Business College, where you can, at the same time learn business methods. None but business people can teach you practical business. Because our pupils are so taught nearly every office in the city employs them. Call and ask who and where they are, or send for catalogue. 318 Hayes block.

PALACE RINK

Cleanest Place of Amusement on Earth.

HOUSE FOR SALE

I offer for sale the "Coffees" Residence at 154 S. Main St., this city, at a very low price if sold in sixty days. House is in splendid condition; has hot and cold water baths and sewerage all through. The best house in Janesville for the money. Will sell on long time. Apply to:

F. H. SNYDER,

Rooms 6 and 7 Carle Block.

EXTRA!

Towanda

IS

For to-morrow we place on sale 500 pounds of fresh made peanut, cocoanut, cream, molasses and taffy candies at

10 cents lb

Cheap in Price only. Made every twenty-four hours

by expert candy makers.

Coming...

PHILOSOPHY OF THE STREET.

People we do not obey orders are not fit to give them.

A great many people who think they ought to be coaxed, really deserve a kick.

There never was a man or woman who felt really comfortable when dressed up.

One of the earliest symptoms of a breaking down of the mind is a de-

MYERS GRAND OPERA HOUSE

PETER L. MYERS, MANAGER.

Friday, November 8th.

FIRST TIME AT THIS THEATRE!

Clyde Fitch's Great American Play,

Barbara Frietchie.

THE FREDERICK GIRL

An original creation, full of heart interest, featuring White's Memorable poem, presented with wonderful vivacity and intense interest the most fascinating picture of "Dixie Land" ever heretofore portrayed. A superb and exhilarating drama, interpreted by an unequalled cast of actors and actresses.

MISS FRANCES GAUNT

As Barbara Frietchie.

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ONE HORROR OF WAR

THE ARMY DISASTER AT BALL'S BLUFF, OCT. 21, 1861.

A Trifling Step That Cost Noble Lives—Advance of Massachusetts Men Into Virginia—Call For Help, a Fight and a Panic.

(Copyright, 1901, by G. L. Kilmer.)



The game at last with the feeling that they had learned some things and could do better next time.

Four Federal regiments were under fire at Ball's Bluff, but the brunt of the fighting and loss fell upon the Fifteenth Massachusetts, which opened the battle. On Oct. 20 Colonel Charles Devens had crossed the Potomac to the bluffs on the Virginia side, intending to destroy a Confederate camp which the army scouts had reported lay close to the river. Pushing on toward Leesburg early on the 21st, Devens found no enemy and placed his regiment in the concealment of the woods at Ball's Bluff to await orders. Word came to him from division headquarters that he would be re-enforced. The bluff in rear of the position was very steep, and the only means of transporting troops to the danger point was by flat-boats. During the forenoon some Massachusetts companies which had been left north of the river crossed and joined the advance, and these were the only Federals south of the river when the Confederates appeared in front and attacked the skirmishers. This was about midday. Seeing no help in sight, Colonel Devens formed his line for battle and was able to resist the vigorous attempts of the Confederates to turn his flank and cut him off from the boat landing.

Colonel Devens' regiment formed part of the brigade of Colonel E. D. Baker, which belonged to General C. P. Stone's division, having headquarters at Poolesville, Md., about five miles back from Ball's Bluff. Gorman's brigade of Stone's division lay at Edward's Ferry, five miles down the Potomac. The main Confederate force in the vicinity was in front of Gorman, and its commander, Colonel N. G. Evans, withdrew all his troops save one regiment from Gorman's front and marched to Ball's Bluff. General Stone, on hearing of Devens' engagement, ordered Colonel Baker either to retire the Massachusetts men or send the remainder of his brigade across the river to support. Baker immediately ordered the Twentieth Massachusetts, the Forty-second New York (Tummany regiment) and his own Seventy-first Pennsylvania (California regiment) to cross the river and went over in person to direct the movement.

The fresh troops tolled slowly across on the flatboat and up the steep, muddy bluff. Baker reached the front at 2 o'clock without any men, but was soon joined by one battalion of the Pennsylvanians and a detachment of the Twentieth Massachusetts. The Massachusetts men held the right of the line. Next on the left were two howitzers and on their left the Pennsylvanians. A six pounder held the extreme left. Before the fight opened Colonel Cogswell reached the line with part of the Forty-second New York. He pointed out the weakness of the left flank to Baker, but no attention was paid to his words. The Confederates in front of Baker's left were posted on high ground screened by woods. In a few minutes after Colonel Cogswell uttered his warning the Eighth Virginia, under Colonel Eppa Hunton, opened fire from that point upon Baker's artillery. At the first volley every man at the Federal guns was shot down. So furious was this rifle fire that only three charges were fired from the cannon after the Virginians got to work. As fast as the gunners fell their places were filled by others, and during the heat of the fight Colonel Cogswell and Colonel William Lee of the Twentieth Massachusetts as well as the aids on Baker's staff took a hand at serving the guns. One of the howitzers on its last discharge receded to the edge of the bluff.

Seizing their advantage, the Confederates pushed the fighting on the Federal left. Lieutenant Colonel Wistar, leading the Seventy-first Pennsylvania, was shot down, and Colonel Baker rushed forward to direct the line. Passing in front of the skirmishers to select ground for an advance he was instantly killed by a Confederate sharpshooter. Baker's death left the command in the hands of Colonel Cogswell, who at once put his own ideas of the affair into practice. He ordered Colonel Devens to march the Fifteenth Massachusetts to the extreme left, intending, if overpowered by the Confederates massed there, to cut his way through by the left flank down the bluffs to the Potomac to the shelter of Gorman's camp at Edward's Ferry. Devens carried out the orders under fire, and just as he got a good line beyond the Pennsylvanians there occurred one of those disastrous blunders so common to raw soldiers. Two fresh companies of Colonel Cogswell's New York regiment came up and formed on the left of Devens' line. At that moment an officer in Confederate uniform showed himself in front of the New Yorkers and with shouts and gestures urged the Federals

to charge into the woods in front. Some of the cool heads thought this was merely a challenge to dare the Yankees; others, not knowing the enemy's colors, took it for an order and rushed ahead. Some of the Fifteenth Massachusetts, carried away by enthusiasm, also charged forward until ordered back by Devens and his captains. The New Yorkers who went forward met a stinging fire from the enemy in the woods and came back in a panic. Colonel Cogswell said that at this time he attempted to have the whole line charge the enemy lodged in the hills in front of his left, but the confusion among the troops did not admit of it, and he ordered a retreat to the pitiful landing under the bluff. The flatboat was instantly swamped by a rush of men upon it.

The Confederates followed the retreating troops as far as the edge of the bluff and potted them on the bank below. Two companies of New Yorkers, freshly landed, climbed the bluff to cover the retreat, and Colonel Devens ordered his whole command to deploy for the same purpose. These men skirmished until dark, when those who clung to the bank were flushed by the Confederates and captured. When Colonel Devens saw that the day was lost, he told his men to save themselves. Some jumped into the river and swam to the Maryland side, with their muskets on their backs; others hid in the woods on the Virginia side and stole across a day or two after the battle. Many were shot while swimming to safety. The total loss of Baker's command was 40 killed, 168 wounded and 714 captured or missing. This loss fell upon about 1,700 men who crossed to the Virginia side. Colonel Evans' Confederate force also numbered about 1,700 and lost 148 killed and wounded.

Ball's Bluff aroused more indignation throughout the country than Bull Run. Colonel Baker was alternately glorified as a martyr and criticised as a military failure. He did not cross the Potomac to see what Devens had to contend with before ordering his brigade to go over and fight. Similar negligence in South Africa cost the British many disasters.

Colonel Cogswell stayed with his men on the Virginia bank and was captured. In his official report he indirectly placed the blame for the disaster upon Baker. He said that the transportation of troops across the river was badly organized. There were no guards and no detailed crews for the boats. The boats were not utilized to their full capacity, and cannon at hand on the Maryland side were not brought into action to cover the landing. In conclusion he said, "The dispositions on the field were faulty, in my judgment."

Baker's death threw the troops into confusion by depriving them of a head just at a trying time. His conduct in rushing into the enemy's fire was brave or rash, according to one's ideas of the duty of a commander. It is an axiom that one bad general is better than two good ones. As soon as Baker fell the other colonels for a time acted each on his own hook without concert of action.

Baker was a United States senator from California. He had declined a commission as brigadier general and had one as major general under consideration at the time of his death. Congress called upon President Lincoln to investigate the Ball's Bluff disaster, and when he declined to do so it appointed the famous joint committee on the conduct of the war, with instructions to investigate "the most atrocious military murder in history." About this time General Stone came under a cloud in a manner not connected with the battle of Oct. 21, but he was arrested by order of the secretary of war and confined in Fort Lafayette, New York harbor. He was examined before the



COLONEL E. D. BAKER, U. S. V.

(Killed at Ball's Bluff.)

committee on the conduct of the war, but no charges were preferred against him. He was released after seven months' imprisonment and subsequently restored to active service under General Banks in the west. After the war he became noted as "Stone Pharaoh" in the army of the khedive.

The judgment of military men upon Stone's responsibility for Ball's Bluff was that he acted throughout the affair under a misapprehension. He supposed that another Federal division was pushing the Confederates back from the Potomac south of Ball's Bluff and Gorman's camp at South Ferry, that the commander of the army wished him to take Leesburg, a point four miles inland from the battlefield of Ball's Bluff, and that there were no Confederates in any force in that vicinity, as his scouts truthfully reported. But the Confederates could move on shorter lines. They fooled Stone's subordinate, Gorman, at Edward's Ferry, and ignorance or negligence, perhaps both, led to the disaster at Ball's Bluff. Baker had discretion in his orders from Stone to call Devens back from the Virginia shore or reinforce him there and fight. He chose to fight. —GEORGE L. KILMER.

London's Only Mosque.

Probably not a hundred people other than those who frequent them are aware that there is a mosque where Mohammedan services are held in London as well as a chapel where the followers of the creed of Zoroaster can worship. Thus the Moslem and the Parsee are as much at home in the world's metropolis at the dawn of the twentieth century as they would be in their native lands, for when they are in their respective places of worship each can for the time forget that he is in a foreign country and be for the time being transported back to Asia. A brief 100 years ago and religious toleration would probably never have allowed Mohammedanism literally to build its temple in a Christian city.

Slot Machine Provides Meals.

Slot machines providing meals have been introduced in London. The refreshments are arranged on a long buffet behind a glass screen. On putting four pennies one after another into the slot the screen rises and a tray holding a teapot, milk jug, sugar bowl and cup and saucer comes within reach. The teapot contains tea leaves and hot water can be drawn from a public tank. To pennies produce a roll with butter, or sandwiches, or bath buns, and other slots yield temperance drinks and confectionery.

Our Trade with Spain Booming.

Trade relations between the United States and Spain have resumed the conditions existing between the two countries before the war. The exports from the United States to Spain in the fiscal year just ended were larger than in any preceding year with a single exception, 1883, and show an increase of \$6,000,000 over 1889. Imports from Spain also show a marked increase over 1889.

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and desirable that is made of fur, from the most expensive down to the medium cost goods, and every piece will be guaranteed by us for workmanship and quality, as for price, we shall only add a very small per cent. to the actual wholesale cost, as we take no chance of having any of these garments left on our hands. If you want to see a line representing the latest creations in fashionable furs, embodying the reigning modes of Europe and America, and at prices that you can afford to buy.

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PERRY'S VICTORY.

THE BRILLIANT NAVAL CAMPAIGN ON LAKE ERIE IN 1813.

Perry Had to Create a Navy to Fight the British—No Ships and No Men, but the Hero Was Undaunted—The Fight Won in Three Hours.

(Copyright, 1901, by G. L. Kilmer.)



PERRY had no powerful navy at his back when he set out to redeem the northwest from the grasp of the British by fighting on Lake Erie. Only a few weeks before his famous victory, he appealed to the authorities in Washington in the following language: "Give me men, sir," he wrote his superior, "and I will acquire both for you and myself honor and glory on this lake or perish in the attempt." The scarcity of men was but one of the difficulties confronting Perry at that time. There were no ships until he built them, for the enemy had swept everything bearing the American flag from the waters, seized the vast territory of Michigan and were planning to extend the Dominion of Canada along the Ohio and Mississippi to the gulf. The recovery of Lake Erie was the first step toward checking British aggression, and to this herculean task Master Commodore Perry was called when he was but twenty-six years old. He had served in Tripoli and during the troubles with France, but was without actual experience as an organizer and commander.

Orders to go to the lakes reached the hero at his station in Newport, and he started in the middle of winter, with his thirteen-year-old brother James as his sole companion, through the wilderness then reaching from the valley of the Mohawk to the frozen northland. The journey was made in rude sleighs over wood paths and in canoes, and the only signs of human beings along the route were furnished by savages who hovered on the trail in expectation of plunder. Sackett's Harbor, on Lake Ontario, was the first port made. A few half starved men, huddled around meager fires, were the only representatives of the naval personnel awaiting the future master of the lakes.

Among the citizens of the region, who were smugglers as a rule, there was no enthusiasm for armament or conflict, for they knew that armed officials of the United States would prove awkward neighbors. Proceeding finally to Erie, where several American keels had been laid down, Perry learned that the British meditated an attack upon that place to destroy the shipyards and materials, and his first step was to drill the shipwrights for defensive battle. Some volunteers were drawn into service, and before the British got ready to strike the brigs Lawrence and Niagara were ready for action. About that time also five ships were released from blockading duty at the mouth of Niagara river and ordered to join Perry. After buffeting about some days in constant danger of capture they reached Erie just as the British squadron bore in sight and blockaded the port. When at last the vessels were together, which was the middle of July, there were only enough men to man one ship. "Send me officers and men," wrote Perry, "and I will have the enemy in a day or two." In response to this appeal 300 sailors were given him to man ten warships.

Suddenly, when all was ready, the waters of the lake fell so low that it was impossible to get the ships over the bar without landing the guns and floating the hulls by means of scows. This proceeding under the eyes of the enemy would be suicidal, so Perry waited, and the British, finally abandoned their watch and sailed away over the lake. This was Aug. 2, and before daylight on the 3d, after a tedious operation unloading and hoisting by means of scows, the Lawrence and Niagara floated over the bar. Some British ships appeared and made a display of bunting and canvas, then sailed away north.

With his fleet fairly launched on the lakes Perry completed his equipment and with a force of 500 men and a limited supply of powder and ball followed the path of the enemy. After considerable maneuvering he got between the British fleet and its base of supplies on the 10th of September, and his opponent, Captain Barclay, a veteran who had fought under Nelson, was forced to surrender, starve or fight. As things stood it looked as though Perry was to be the under dog. The British outnumbered him in guns and in fighting men—that is, while the crews were about even man for man, the Britons were all seasoned fighters, while only 125 of the American crews had been in action. The rest were recruits, negroes and fever patients unable to man the guns.

Perry had triumphed over every obstacle by the force of enthusiasm. He wanted to fight and have it over. The promise, "I'll have the enemy in a day or two," was only an interpretation of his constant hope and ambition. When his ships stood out to sea pointed against the enemy, he called the sailors of the Lawrence about him and holding up a flag bearing the dying words of the hero for whom the brig was named, "Don't give up the ship," said, "My brave lads, shall I hoist this?" The men answered, "Aye, aye, sir," with a shout that roared through the whole fleet. Cheer upon cheer came over the sea from the sister ships. As the men went to quarters Perry

followed and spoke a few words to each of the gun crews. Then he told his sailing master to run the ship to the leeward. "Then you'll have to engage the enemy to leeward, sir," was the response. "I don't care. To leeward or to windward, they shall fight to-day," said Perry.

The bearing of the youthful commander was not at all one of overconfidence. He felt the weight of responsibility and gave his orders in a firm, quiet tone. Every gun in the flagship was inspected by him before the battle opened. The total crew of the Lawrence fit for duty that day was 103 men and boys. She carried twenty guns, and the brig Niagara also mounted twenty cannon. The brig Caledonia, with five schooners and one sloop, completed the fleet, mounting in all fifty-four guns. Captain Barclay commanded two ships of war, two brigs, a schooner and a sloop, mounting sixty-three guns.

Perry so maneuvered as to bring the Lawrence alongside the British flagship at the outset of the fight, a shifting of the breeze placing his fleet to the windward of the enemy. The first shot was from Captain Barclay's flagship, the Detroit. It crashed through the bulwarks of the Lawrence, showering the men at the guns with splinters. The other leading ships of the British line also made the American flagship a steady target until she was disabled and captured.

The Lawrence suffered heavily from the concentrated fire of the British, and Perry made sail to get to closer quarters and bring his short range guns into play. His ship was instantly becalmed, and as his consorts could not come to his aid he fought against terrible odds, having to contend single handed with the British flagship and three others of Barclay's most powerful vessels. Gradually the guns of the Lawrence were disabled, and at last only one on her engaged side could be worked. At the end of one hour every brace and bowline had been shot away, her sails were in shreds and her spars shattered. All but twenty of her crew lay dead or wounded.

Often Perry's flagship was in danger of being blown up. One shot from the British guns knocked the snuff of a lighted candle into the magazine, but



OLIVER HAZARD PERRY.

the spark was quickly extinguished by a gunner. Two cannon balls passed through the magazine. Owing to the shallowness of the hull of the Lawrence her cockpit, where the wounded lay, was above water line and exposed to British fire. Wounded men were killed while being carried below. Others were struck while in the surgeon's hands. Toward the close of the action the commander of the flagship told Perry that all his officers were down. "Can I have others?" he pleaded. Perry sent his own staff to the guns, but in a few minutes the lieutenant again appealed for help. Said he: "The officers you sent me have been cut down. Can I have more?" The surgeon's aids and finally all of the wounded who could pull a rope were called to the gun deck.

The Lawrence had been in action three hours and was completely helpless. Fortunately a breeze sprung up and carried her out of range. The Niagara then sailed to her, and Perry decided to transfer his flag to that ship. In an open boat he braved the fire of the British guns. As the boat hauled up to the side of the Niagara a clever shot bored through the sides. Perry stopped the leak with his coat and soon reached the deck of the Niagara.

Floundering that the wounded on the Lawrence were being slaughtered by British fire her commander, Lieutenant Yarnall, hauled down the flag. As Perry was leaving the Lawrence a sailor tossed the flag bearing the motto,

"Don't give up the ship," to him, and he unfurled it on the Niagara. Signal was then given for "close action," and the Niagara, running across the bow and stern of two British ships, raked them fore and aft with broadside fire.

The carnage was awful, and the Niagara next got astern of the British brig Lady Prevost and raked her with the port battery. The new girls left the yacht well satisfied with their conduct. As they crossed the viaduct new girl No. 3 said, "Two of that crew were very presumptuous, but I squealed them."

Mr. Sherwood looked amazed. "Why, I never knew those boys to be anything but gentlemen," he said.

"The one with whom I was talking," interrupted girl No. 3, "knew his place perfectly, and he seemed quite intelligent."

"Quite intelligent!" shouted Mr. Sherwood. "He ought to be. He is a graduate of a university, an ex-member of the legislature and may be president of the United States some day."

"Why," said new girl No. 2, "I thought he was a sailor and tried to make him promise to go to the mission and told him his clothes wouldn't make any difference. I got him to give up drinking too."

"That is rich. He is one of the most exemplary young men in society and a millionaire."

The girls voted that in future they

wouldn't judge men by their clothes,

and the men voted to stick to their

sailor girls.—Buffalo News.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

NEW GIRLS
ON A YACHT.

Said Mr. Sherwood to the crew of the Perry. "I'll bring down some swell new girls Saturday evening."

Said the crew of the Perry to their girl friends: "If you come down Saturday, wear your good clothes for a change. We are going to have some swell new girls on board."

They answered the girls, with much dignity, "Are you going to lay aside your old sweaters and dark trousers and dress up for those new girls?"

"Never!" responded the crew as one man.

"Then why should we sacrifice our selves?" asked the girls.

"Because we want you to make a good impression. We can do that without dressing up."

"You are even more conceited than we thought," replied the girls.

"Well, if you cannot dress up, stay at home," said the ungulate seamen.

"We will," the girls responded with emphasis.

Saturday night came. So did the swell new girls.

"This is the crew of the Perry," said Mr. Sherwood as the girls stepped aboard the yacht.

"Glad to meet you," said the crew.

But the swell new girls said nothing. They only nodded carelessly and went to the bow, leaving the crew in the stern.

"They don't seem so dreadfully pleased to meet us," commented the skipper, sailing off on the port tack.

"It is my turn to talk to the new girls," said Eddie. "You had your inings with the last ones."

So Eddie rolled up the sleeves of his striped shirt, which was evidently a relic of former grandeur, and started in to fascinate the new girls. Jack followed. Then the men in the cockpit wished for the girls who usually sailed with them.

In a few minutes Jack came back. "It's your turn, Chet," he said. "I have a chil."

New girl No. 1 was talking earnestly with Mrs. Sherwood.

New girl No. 2 was talking at Eddie. New girl No. 3 did not look very approachable, but Chet went forward, determined to entertain her, for she appeared lonesome.

"Do you like sailing?" he asked, wishing to say something original.

"Yes," answered the girl, adjusting her glasses and staring at Chet's duck trousers, which had seen better days. "We have had lovely sailing weather," remarked Chet.

No answer.

"Don't you think we have?" persisted Chet.

"I don't know, I am sure," said the girl lifting her eyebrows.

Chet murmured something about taking care of the jib sheet and sneaking back to ask the boys for an overcoat.

In the meantime Eddie was enjoying himself immensely. New girl No. 2 had examined him critically as if he were a species of animal. Then she had said sympathetically:

"Don't you get dreadfully tired on the boat?"

"No. Why?" Eddie spoke in a surprised tone.

"Oh, it must be awful to go out in all kinds of weather and risk your life. But then," she added, with an engaging smile, "a sailor has to be very brave or he wouldn't choose that sailing."

Eddie, being a lawyer, was about to remark that he knew of things which took more courage than sailing, but he did not have time, for the girl asked:

"Are you well paid for running the boat?"

"No," answered Eddie sadly as he thought of the money he was paying for the privilege of sailing.

Then she advised him to join the Downtrodden Employees' association and sold seriously. "Do you drink?"

Eddie's first impulse was to say: "No. Do you?" Seeing, however, that she was anxious to do some reforming he answered, "Yes."

She then talked to him of the evil effects of liquor and the dangers of a sailor's life and begged him to promise not to drink any more. Then as the boat hauled he looked into her eyes and said earnestly, "I'll promise ye, miss, and I want to tell ye I'll not forget ye."

The new girls left the yacht well satisfied with their conduct. As they crossed the viaduct new girl No. 3 said,

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GEORGE L. KILMER.

INVALIDED BY FASHION.

Poor Health of Girls Is Due to Over-work in Becoming Accomplished.

To learn as many of the fashionable accomplishments as possible appears to be, the ambition of the girl of the period and her mamma. It is too often the case that considerations of physical health are entirely overlooked and that the fashionable girl finds herself worn out and old in appearance and disposition before she has reached the age of 23. The Ladies' Home Journal characterizes this folly properly when it says: "There are parents who, not content with the studies which their daughters have to grapple with at school, load them down with a few special studies in the finer arts. I have in mind now several young girls between the precarious ages of 12 and 17, who, after they return from school, have an extra dose of painting, music or languages. But my daughter must know something of these things" is the protest of the fond mother. "She must be able to hold her own with other girls of her set." Of course, the girl at this tender age, with such a mental load, soon goes to pieces. She becomes anaemic, listless and nervous, and then the mother wonders why! To hold her up everything under the sun is tried except a lessening of mental work and the unnatural strain upon the nervous system. The girl develops into what? A bundle of nerves increased in the most fragile frame, her physical vitality sapped almost to the last dreg. And in this condition she enters the marriage state! And yet we wonder why there are so few women absolutely free from organic troubles. Is it so inexplicable?"

Swiss People Were Fat on Tourists.

Life is pleasant in central Switzerland, where all the countries of civilization go to seek rest and health. The whole of this country is a pleasure resort, a reserve set apart as a playground by common consent, much as Canada has created the National Park at Banff, or the United States the Yellowstone. No other nation must trespass on Switzerland, or take bites out of her; she belongs to all, and her people have accepted the role of amusement eaters with a seriousness beyond all praise. The children at school have respect for the foreigner dinned into them persistently; he is the industry of the country, and must be cultivated.

Swiss People Were Fat on Tourists.

Dr. Calmette of the Pasteur Institute in London recently had to use his own serum for snake bite. His finger was bitten while he was collecting the venom, and he attributes to the serum his escape with simple inflammation only.

Serum for Snake Bite.

Dr. Calmette of the Pasteur Institute in London recently had to use his own serum for snake bite. His finger was bitten while he was collecting the venom, and he attributes to the serum his escape with simple inflammation only.

Everything Reliable.

Everything For Housekeeping.

Everything Reasonable.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulence. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Castor Fletchers

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

PUTNAM'S

Everything Reliable.

Everything For Housekeeping.

Everything Reasonable.

Dinnerware, Glassware.

...UNDERWEAR

ENDED HIS LIFE BY HIS OWN HAND

SUICIDE OF JOHN HAIGHT AT WAUWATOSA YESTERDAY.

Committed the Act Under Despondency from the Mental Trouble of Which He Was Suffering—A Great Shock to His Many Friends in Rock County.

The relatives and friends of the late John Haight, whose death at Wauwatosa was announced in last evening's Gazette, have been shocked to learn that his death was a tragic one and that he ended his life by his own hand while suffering from the despondency which was the chief characteristic of mental trouble from which he suffered.

The telegram which came to H. S. Johnson contained no particulars, simply saying that Mr. Haight had died as the result of an accident. Later dispatches received last evening revealed the fact that Mr. Haight had hanged himself some time during Wednesday night. He was found by the startled attendants at the sanitarium conducted by Dr. Dewey at Wauwatosa, yesterday morning hanging to a tree just outside the building. In some manner during the night Haight had escaped from the attendant who had been sleeping in the room with him, and climbed out of the window. "He had made directly for a tree, to which a hammock was suspended, and detaching the rope, hanged himself."

Mr. Haight had been at the hospital for about ten days. This was his second term at the institution, the first time being some time in the middle of September, when he spent about two weeks there. The chronic ailment from which he was suffering was senile melancholia, his haunting fear being that he was destined to become a helpless imbecile. He was believed to be cured at the end of his first stay at the hospital and was brought home but as the symptoms of his malady began to show themselves again he was taken to the sanitarium a second time.

H. S. Johnson, whose wife is a niece of Mr. Haight, accompanied the aged gentleman to Wauwatosa, and did his best to cheer him up, but Mr. Haight insisted that Mr. Johnson would never see him alive again.

Dr. Dewey of the sanitarium, said that Mr. Haight had been progressing favorably, and it was thought he was on the road to recovery and would be able to go to his home in a short time. His action in committing suicide was entirely unexpected, and was a great surprise to the hospital authorities. The coroner was notified, and the jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts. The remains were not taken to the morgue.

Mr. Haight's death is a great shock to his many friends in this city and throughout the country. He was one of the most prominent as well as one of the most prosperous farmers in the county, and had always taken an active interest in public affairs. The fact that for many years he was chairman of the board of supervisors at Johnstown, although he was a democrat in a republican county, is one of the many evidences of the high esteem in which he was held and the great confidence placed in him by his fellow townsmen.

He began to fail in mental strength about three months ago and suffered greatly from insomnia. Physicians declared that the trouble was due to thickening of blood in the brain. No cause for the mental attack is known except that he never seemed to recover from the mental attack caused by the death of a favorite daughter from a surgical operation about seven years ago. He was a clear-headed cool business man, and until the last three months had been considered a man of exceptionally strong balance.

James Haight of Johnstown, the deceased man's son and George Hull, of Otter's corners, his son-in-law, went to Milwaukee and took the remains home to Johnstown this morning. The interment will be in the cemetery at Johnstown where his wife and daughter are buried and the funeral services will probably be held Sunday afternoon.

NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE

W. W. Earmon spent yesterday in Chicago in the interest of the Wide Awake.

The Philanthropic club will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at home of Mrs. Milo Thayer.

Mrs. C. A. Smith, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Murdock, returned to her home in St. Paul today.

William Tallman, who has been seriously ill for the past month, is convalescent and is able to sit up.

Mr. and Mrs. John G. Rexford have returned home from a pleasant visit with relatives in Minneapolis.

A. H. Shekey and family are home from a pleasant outing at Lake Koskongong.

Fred Halget of Galesburg, Ill., arrived in the city this morning called here by the tragic death of his father, the late John Haight. He drove out to Johnstown this afternoon.

Rev. and Mrs. H. J. Openshaw, turned missionaries from China, who spoke at the Baptist church last evening, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Fisher, 223 Washington street, while in the city. The two ladies are sisters, and Mr. and Mrs. Openshaw came here for a visit. They are Baptist missionaries, and the local church took advantage of their visit to secure them for a pleasant and profitable evening.

LARGE STINE SHIPMENT.
If one is to judge from the large number of stines that were placed on sale today at the W. J. Skelly book store it is quite evident that this enterprising firm are well prepared for holiday stine purchasers. Prices range from 25 cents to \$10. The display for the most part consists of imported stines that are beautifully figured in all sizes and shapes.

NEWS OF THE CITY.

Towanda is coming.
Fancy Jap rice, 5c. Fair.
50-yd spool silk thread 3c. Fair.
Finest of teas, O. D. Bates.
Children's wool mitts 5c. Fair.
Pure maple syrup, O. D. Bates.
Clothing at bankrupt prices. Fair.
New stock shoes just arrived. Fair.
Baldwin apples 30c a peck. Fair.
Fancy prunes 5c per lb. Fair.
Pure maple syrup, O. D. Bates.
White clover honey 18c per pound. Fair.
Missouri apples \$3.25 bbl. Dedricks.
Whitewater buckwheat, O. D. Bates.
Missouri apples \$3.25 bbl. Dedricks.
Largest coffee stock, O. D. Bates.
Have you met Towanda?
Missouri apples \$3.25 bbl. Dedricks.
Chrysanthemums, Linn St. Green House.
Special sale on ribbons for Saturday. Fair.
Best grade canned tomatoes 10 cents. Fair.
Gloves and mittens, wholesale price. Fair.
The newest of new in cloaks here, T. P. Burns.
20 lbs. granulated sugar Saturday only \$1. Fair.
Men's good \$1.75 work shoe \$1.40. Chicago Store.
Special tomorrow. Granite pie tins, etc. Chicago store.
Linen crash, regular price 10c, ours 8c. Fair.
Badger brand canned corn, Janesville packed, 7c a can. Fair.
The Knights of Pythias will hold a regular meeting this evening.
Do you need an overcoat? Rehberg's prices tomorrow will interest you.
Linen crash, regular price 8c, ours 6c. Fair.
Best Patent flour in the city 85 cents. Worth that to buy in car lots. Fair.
The November term of the circuit court will convene on Monday, the 18th. Dedrick Bros. have received another car shipment of apples.
Cotton bats, regular price 12c, ours 10c. Fair.
Examine the quality of our 5c, 8c and 10c outing flannels, T. P. Burns.
Linen napkins regular price \$1.50, our price \$1.20 per dozen. Fair.
In this evening's issue Dedrick Bros. quote interesting apple prices. Chrysanthemums. Come to see them. Rentschler Bros., South Main Street.

Remember the chicken pie supper at the Baptist church Wednesday evening, Nov. 13, at 5:30. Supper, 25c.

Hear some good music at Alex. McClelland's on Saturday night.

The famous Baldwin & Rehfeld orchestra will furnish music at Alex. McClelland's on Saturday evening.

Ladies free tonight. Palace rink.

Special fur sale commencing next Monday at Bort, Bailey & Co.

You are invited to Bort, Bailey & Co.'s special fur show Monday.

Special fur sale commencing next Monday at Bort, Bailey & Co.

Table linens, bleached and unbleached, at 25c and 30c per yard. Fair.

Newly remodeled coal sheds have been erected on North River street for W. H. Bonestiel.

Boys' and children's reefer and overcoats at special low prices tomorrow. Amos Rehberg & Co.

Fancy, cut out, table spreads, side-board covers, and dollies, bought at a discount. Fair.

See our great \$10 overcoat bargain. Others ask you \$12 for coats no better. Amos Rehberg & Co.

Regular meeting of Olive Branch Lodge No. 38 A. O. U. W. at East Side Odd Fellows hall tonight.

Lanphier stock of stoves most gone; only a few left balanced to be sold out at less than jobbing price. Fair.

The young son of Charles Culton of Edgerton, is dangerously ill. A consultation of physicians was held recently in regard to his case.

Tomorrow evening Mrs. Victor P. Richardson and daughter will entertain at the home of Mrs. Richardson, 101 St. Lawrence place.

There will be a mass meeting of the Christian Endeavor society of the Presbyterian church in the church parlors this evening.

A great time is scheduled at the Palace rink tomorrow evening. The Milton Junction cornet band of 30 pieces will give a concert.

Tomorrow evening at the Palace rink the Milton Junction band of 30 pieces will give a concert commencing at 7:30 o'clock.

Overcoat season is here. Rehberg's touches your purse lightly for an excellent garment. Prices for tomorrow's special, page 10.

Read our overcoat prices on page 10. We mean to make tomorrow a great day at our store, and if prices are an object, we should have our wish fulfilled. Come and see. Amos Rehberg & Co.

A mass meeting of the Christian Endeavor society of the Presbyterian church will be held in the church parlors this evening at 7:30. All active members are urged to be present.

There will be a special meeting of Rock River Tent No. 51, K. O. T. M. at West Side Odd Fellows' all in the dining room this evening, Nov. 8, at 8 o'clock sharp, to meet state commander, I. W. Brown.

Mrs. J. W. McCue yesterday afternoon entertained the members of the Century Heart club at her home on Center avenue. Mrs. Michael Hayes secured the first prize and Mrs. George Devins the second. The booby prize fell to Mrs. Floyd Dunwidde. After the playing the hostess served her guests with refreshments.

A party of hunters left Janesville last night for Lennan, Price county, to hunt deer. The party was made up of Dr. R. W. Edden, Dr. R. J. Hart, Dr. G. G. Chittenden and T. H. Edden, of this city; Ed. McPherson, Ft. Atkinson; H. L. Hoard, Ft. Atkinson, and Ed. Kemmerer of the Park hotel.

BRIEF BITS OF LOCAL NEWS

Extra quality unbleached muslin 5c. Fair.
Good quality outing flannel 5c per yard. Fair.
Our oysters are strictly solid meats, W. W. Nash.
Extra quality outing flannel 6c per yard. Fair.
Great Northern Toilet paper 5c roll. W. W. Nash.
The best 25c coffee on earth. The best 50c tea on earth. W. W. Nash.

Fancy parlor stand lamp from \$1.50 to \$2.50 each. Fair.

Extra good quality linen canvas, regular price 15c, ours 10c. Fair.

Hemp stitched pillow slips, fine quality, 15c; 2 for 25c. Fair.

Rolston's pancake flour; no dyes, W. W. Nash.

6 bars Old Country soap, 25c.

8 bars Santa Claus soap, 25c.

8 bars Lenox soap, 25c.

Grandma's Washing Powder, 15c.

These prices are below present cost. W. W. Nash.

This evening Canton Janesville No. 9 will hold its regular meeting at West Side Odd Fellows' hall. Besides the regular business, nominations will be made for Canton, and Field offices.

Closing out at the Temperance Rummage sale today. Good bargains.

Fancy Jersey sweet potatoes.

New carrots, turnips and parsnips. W. W. Nash.

On Tuesday evening next the second meeting of the Twilight club for the season will be held, when the subject of Labor and Capital will be considered. Dr. S. B. Buckmaster will be the leader and has made a splendid assignment of the sub topics.

Huyler's candies in many new novelty packages. Grubb.

New smoked whitefish. Grubb.

Very sweet new cider. Grubb.

Junket tablets, 10 cents. Grubb.

First new Mexican oranges. Grubb.

Home-made peanut butter. Grubb.

New Hickory nuts and pecans. Grubb.

Members of W. H. Sargent Woman's Relief Corps No. 21 of this city, will entertain their sister organizations from Milton and Edgerton next Tuesday.

Large delegations are expected from both places, and the local corps will serve a dinner in honor of their guests at noon in Post hall. The dinner will be followed by the regular meeting of the corps and an afternoon of socializing.

The prayer meeting at the Presbyterian church adjourned last evening, and the Presbyterians went in body to the Baptist church to hear Rev. and Mrs. Openshaw talk on missions. It was a privilege which the visiting congregation enjoyed heartily and courtesy which was greatly appreciated by the members of the Baptist church.

E. D. Rockwood a prominent tobacco grower of Viroqua, who has been in the city for medical advice for several days, returned home last evening. When he came here, he was attended by Dr. G. H. Trowbridge of Viroqua, who brought him to this city for the purpose of consulting Dr. James Mills and securing his opinion as to the best method of treatment for Mr. Rockwood's trouble, which is an ailment of the side.

Spring chickens, W. W. Nash.

Football Game Tomorrow.

An interesting game of foot ball will be played by the Junior and Sophomore class teams at Athletic park tomorrow afternoon. The game is one in the High School inter class series, the closing game in which will be played two weeks from tomorrow, Nov. 23. Notwithstanding the fact that the High School championship is decided, a great deal of interest is being taken in tomorrow's game by the students and there will be a large attendance and usual enthusiasm. The game is to promises to be a strong contest.

Edgerton Grants a Franchise.

The Edgerton Common Council has passed the Spooner franchise for an electric line through that city. The ordinance and franchise are virtually the same as those granted Mr. Spooner by the Janesville council, being a fifty year grant and having the same considerations. The line will enter Edgerton on what is called the Albion road and go down Main street through the center of the city and come out on the Indian Ford road. The line will come into Janesville by way of the Fulton road, and North Bluff street, North First street to Main and on Main to corner of Milwaukee and Main streets.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

One may see as many in some large city stores, but when it comes to good furs at close prices "them city sellers ain't in it." Four large shipments of scarfs, collarettes, streamers, capes, jackets, sets and muffs received the past week. Scarce things in furs can be found here. One word about marten furs. We know for a fact that some merchants have sold dyed raccoon for real marten. One instance came to our notice where a lady paid \$18.00 for an imitation marten scarf and we were selling the genuine for less money. Our furs will interest you.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Miss Josephine Farnsworth went to Chicago this morning to spend a few days.

FOR SALE— 45 horse-power horizontal boiler and 45 ft. of smoke stack. Riverside Laundry.

CHAMOIS VESTS.

Frost King for men.

Frost Queen for women.

Chest Protectors.

Our Leader .50

Klondike .75

Hudson \$1.00

Perry 1.50

SOLD BY

McCUE & BUSS.

145 N. Main St. The Drugstore.

Phone 306.

**THESE COOL
...DAYS...**

We Make Candy Fresh Daily

Our Prices are most reasonable

PALACE of SWEETS

Nature might have fixed it so that men wouldn't need to provide for a rainy day—for old age, accident or disease—but she hasn't. Hence the three-fold protection of the **ÆTNALIFE**.

Accident and Health Insurance.

HARLINE CARY.

GENT'L AGT.

New Phone 222.

Suite 415 Bayes Block

21 West Milwaukee Street.

PLAN FOR M'KINLEY MONUMENT; FUNDS ARE COMING IN RAPIDLY

Meeting of the Executive Committee in Senator Hanna's Office at Cleveland Yesterday—Statement Issued on Object of Association.

The executive committee of the McKinley Memorial association held its first meeting yesterday afternoon at the office of Senator Hanna in Cleveland, O. William R

The News From County Towns.

MILTON.

THE GAZETTE AGENCY; W. W. CLARK, Manager.

Milton, Nov. 8.—The entertainments by Smith and Gorton were largely attended and gave universal satisfaction. Mr. Smith in his impersonations of female characters has improved and is now letter perfect, while his "Zacharias Spicer" is as great rib-cracker as of yore. His "sand-pictures" are a genuine novelty and a wonderful display of skill. Mr. Gorton in his personations is an artist in that line, his making up in full view of the audience adding a new zest to the act. His monologue work is excellent, and the clay modeling a novel and pleasing feature.

The funeral of the late Oliver Livingston took place at the house on Wednesday afternoon, Rev. T. W. North officiating. Deceased was one of the old settlers of Milton and had been in feeble health for some time, being a victim of muscular rheumatism. He leaves an aged wife and four sons and one daughter. Deceased was over eighty years of age and had he lived until next month would have celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of his marriage. Mr. Livingston was a kind neighbor and an uncompromising advocate of temperance.

Rev. Channing Richardson and bride of New Castle, Calif., are here to spend some time with their parents and Milton friends prior to returning to their home on the coast. In common with the many friends of the reverend gentleman we tender our congratulations and best wishes for future health, happiness and prosperity.

The J. O. T. club and invited guests made Mr. and Mrs. Clem W. Crumb a surprise party Tuesday evening. Refreshments were served and a very pleasant hour spent.

Mrs. F. A. Clark visited Walworth this week.

E. P. Clarke is able to be about the house but has not been out of doors yet.

Clarke's thermometer registered 8 above zero Tuesday morning.

Cassius McCoy of Madison was the guest of Milton relatives recently.

Mrs. Harriet Seecle of Canton, Minn., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. F. C. Wells.

N. J. Mickerson and family moved to their new home near Janesville this week.

Supt. Killam of the Rock County asylum was in town Tuesday.

Ex-County Treasurer Thorpe, of Janesville transacted business here Tuesday.

Frank A. Root of Niagara is visiting his wife and Milton friends.

Mrs. Lucy A. Clarke went to Palmyra Wednesday and inspected the Woman's Relief Corps of that village.

CLINTON.

Clinton, Nov. 7.—Rev. Otto Olds has returned from Clifton Springs somewhat improved in health. He, with his family, expect to return to Mexico about the first of December. Miss Fannie Moore will accompany them to remain through the winter.

Mrs. Carrie Van Valzah of Chicago has been visiting at W. P. Woolston's.

Mr. George Wilcox returned from the northern part of the state last week.

Miss Bertha Clark of Fairfield is spending a week or so with Mrs. C. T. Kinney.

Miss Smart of Reedsburg, Iowa, is visiting her cousins, the Misses Gilbert and Mrs. Elkins Dresser.

Mr. George Crane has returned from Manitoba.

Miss Mina Warner expects to attend, a stenographic school in Milwaukee this winter.

Mrs. L. L. Olds is in Chicago for a ten days' visit with her parents.

The annual meeting of the Y. M. C. A. was held Sunday evening in the Baptist church. After a voluntary by Mrs. Inman a short song service was held led by Mrs. S. S. Jones. The choir was composed of male voices. The Revs. Moore, Vatter and Parsons participated in the opening exercises. Pres. L. L. Olds said heretofore it had been the custom to raise funds at this meeting to carry on the work for another year, but the money had already been subscribed. Treasurer Cooper gave his report showing that nearly \$450 was raised last year. Mr. C. L. Hanson, chairman of the social committee, made a fine report. A course of lectures will be given during the winter. Secretary Moelenpah spoke of the spiritual work done by the association. Wm. Pye reported the literary work, mentioning a large number of papers and magazines found on the tables of the reading room. State Secretary Anderson gave a clear, interesting talk, showing what the Y. M. C. A. is doing over the state. A collection was taken for the state work. Mr. McCumber of Beloit sang a solo and the benediction was pronounced by Rev. Wm. Moore.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Adams made them a surprise on Friday evening of last week. A very pleasant time is reported.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Salisbury gave a little party "All Hallow Even" for their son, Ralph, and his friends, at which was a merrymaking time.

There was a great demand for "stoves up" last Monday morning.

The Misses Elizabeth and Rebecca Smith had a narrow escape from a conflagration recently from an oil stove. No damage was done, however, but the latter had one of her arms burned severely.

Mr. L. J. Goodspeed, who recently bought one of the markets here, was married Oct. 30 to Miss Jessie Smith of Elgin, Ill. They are housekeeping in Mrs. Lanphier's cottage.

Mrs. Yates of Sharon spent Sunday with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Dresser are the proud parents of a little son.

Mr. H. T. Pixley and family have

moved to Beloit where he will continue in the business of jeweler.

The ladies of the Congregational society will serve their annual chicken pie supper in Woodard's hall Friday evening, Nov. 15.

Mr. F. M. Jack, state inspector of schools, visited our school recently and gave an excellent report of the condition in which he found everything.

Mrs. E. B. Budlong attended the wedding of a niece in Waukesha last Wednesday.

Mr. George Woodard has been having fine success at duck hunting.

Mrs. E. B. Tubbs visited in Durien last Friday.

The many friends of Mrs. Carrie Stubbart Ireland have been enjoying a visit from her the last few days.

Mrs. George Giles answered calls at the telephone office in the absence of Miss Nelle Markele.

EDGERTON

Edgerton, Nov. 7.—Charles Birkenmeier is in Chicago buying holiday goods for the firm.

Mrs. Fletcher spent Sunday in Beloit.

Mrs. W. H. Morrissey visited this week in Janesville.

Roy Nicholson was home over Sunday. He was accompanied by two of his school friends.

Alfred Huebbe of the Huebbe and Densing firm is visiting his parents at Watertown.

Mrs. Bedford, of Beloit, is a visitor to her brother's, Mr. Markham's.

Will Short has entered the Wisconsin business university at La Crosse.

Mrs. A. W. Stephens attended the Women's Foreign Missionary meeting at Janesville Tuesday.

Mrs. L. N. Larson returned last week from Norway. She enjoyed the trip very much but prefers to live in Wisconsin.

Who would think the people of Edgerton had so many old clothes? About \$55 were cleared at the rummage sale last week.

Thos. Porter and wife and Mr. and Mrs. George Davy left Monday for a visit in England.

Mrs. E. C. Hopkins and son Roy returned from Texas Saturday where the latter has been ill with typhoid fever.

F. A. Perry came home the same day but his son Oscar, although much better will remain some time.

Charles Judkins spent a part of last week at Chicago.

Will Silverthorn has purchased the general store at Skinnerville together with a house and barn. Will is a hustler and no doubt will do well at his new place.

Charles Judkins spent a part of last week at Chicago.

Mrs. S. J. Strong and Mrs. D. W. Pepper went to Janesville Tuesday to attend the District Convention of Woman's Foreign Missionary society held at the First M. E. church.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Potter of Allens' Grove are visiting with old friends and neighbors here.

away in her home at West Magnolia at five o'clock, Wednesday morning. She has suffered with consumption for some time but it was thought she was improving until Wednesday morning when she was taken with a hemorrhage which ended her life.

She has attended the Evansville seminary for the last two years and was one of their brightest and most promising scholars. Mamie was in her twenty-first year and besides a large circle of friends she leaves her father, mother, five brothers and three sisters to mourn her death. Funeral services were held in the Albany Catholic church on Friday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cochrane of Beloit spent Sunday with Mr. David Acheson.

Miss Minnie Bishop has been spending a week with her uncle, Mr. Joel Setzer at Beloit. Mr. C. C. Howard of Madison spent Saturday and Sunday with friends here.

FOOTVILLE

Footville, Nov. 8.—Miss Amy Ross spent Sunday with Footville friends.

John Torphy of Center has succeeded Wm. Cromwell as teamster at the creamery.

Wm. Cory went to Chicago Monday night with three cars of stock.

Will Silverthorn has purchased the general store at Skinnerville together with a house and barn. Will is a hustler and no doubt will do well at his new place.

Charles Judkins spent a part of last week at Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Jackson have been to the fair in Janesville.

Wm. Short has entered the Wisconsin business university at La Crosse.

Miss Minnie Bishop has been spending a week with her uncle, Mr. Joel Setzer at Beloit.

Ben Davis

Wine Saps

Kansas Beauties

Bbl.....

Mo. Pippins

Willow Twig

Bbl.....

Geniton

Bbl.....

Ben Davis

Wine Saps

Kansas Beauties

Bbl.....

Mo. Pippins

Willow Twig

Bbl.....

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Mo. Pippins

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WHY THE STONE CASE WORRIES EUROPE

The strange case of Miss Stone, the American missionary who was captured by brigands in Turkey, has an international aspect that is being carefully considered by the various governments interested. Just such a case might be the means of involving not only Turkey and Bulgaria in war, but the whole of Europe and the United States. The reason for this is apparent when the affair is studied in all its lights.

Should the theory that Miss Stone's capture originated with the Macedonian committee be proved there would be no doubt that its purpose was to embroil the United States with Turkey and thus hasten the overthrow of the tottering Ottoman empire. It is a notorious fact that the Macedonians have been working tooth and nail to find some way of ensnaring Turkey trouble that would at the same time give them an opportunity to break away from the suzerainty of the sultan.

Macedonia was formerly a Bulgarian province, and, naturally enough, the Macedonians have been egged on in their designs by the authorities of Bulgaria. Not only so, but they have been openly supported by Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, who has raised a large army to assist them when the revolution begins. The inhabitants of the province, who are Christians, are descended from the same stock and have largely intermarried with the Bulgarians. The two peoples are thus united not only by ties of polity, but of blood.

The Macedonians are now suffering from Turkish persecutions. Similar persecutions caused the Turco-Russian war of 1877. By the treaty of peace which followed the conclusion of this war the sultan granted to the Macedonians independence similar to that enjoyed by the Bulgarians, but a conference of European powers restored the province to Turkey, upon guarantee



Photo by Peltzner, Carlsbad.

PRINCE FERDINAND OF BULGARIA.

least. Its former officers were deposed last summer because of rascality. The old president, Boris Sarnoff, is a notorious desperado. He was recently acquitted of murder, though it is said that he was undoubtedly guilty and had been engaged in a blackmailing scheme to raise money for the revolution. By a singular coincidence he disappeared two days after the kidnapping of Miss Stone.

The new president, Mikhalovsky, is a well known poet. Like his present confreres in office, he has the reputation of being an honorable man. Not long ago he published an article denouncing the kidnapping and expressing regret that it might prejudice the European public against the movement for Macedonian independence.

That his fears were well founded is shown by the fact that just preceding the outrage various European governments had begun to bewail themselves in the interests of Macedonia. It was recognized by Russia and France especially that the misgovernment in that province, the excesses committed in Armenia and the dissatisfaction in Crete had reached a point as to constitute a menace to peace. The European powers, therefore, at the instance of the two just mentioned, had begun to discuss plans for a joint representation to the porte.

Indeed, so far had this idea developed that it was planned to eventually oblige the sultan not only to carry out the clauses of the treaty of Berlin relating to Macedonia and Armenia, but to give guarantees for further reforms and the settlement of numerous pending questions. Russia had thoroughly sounded Germany on the subject, and the support of England, Austria and Italy was considered certain. Small wonder that President Mikhalovsky was alarmed at the effect the capture of Miss Stone might have upon the project.

One American who openly proclaimed his belief in the complicity of the Macedonian committee is Charles M. Dickinson, the United States consul general at Constantinople, who went to Samakov to superintend personally the measures taken for the liberation of the missionary. Mr. Dickinson is well known as a lawyer, poet and newspaper man. He is the editor and proprietor of the Blightmant (N. Y.) Republican and has the reputation of being a most persuasive speaker, n

Reverting to the Stone case, the Macedonians, if the charges against them are true, may have counted on the inaccessibility of Bulgaria to turn all of Uncle Sam's wrath upon Turkey, which is the principal power responsible for Bulgaria, inasmuch as it receives a certain amount of tribute from that country. They would thus be able to use the United States as a cat's paw to pluck freedom for themselves.

Such an idea would prove erroneous if recent reports are true. It is asserted that the United States government has been quietly sounding European powers on the important question of an approach to Bulgaria. This could only be done by the powers waiving the objections to the passage of the Dardanelles. Thus all Europe has become involved in the complications arising out of the kidnapping of Miss Stone.

Should it be necessary for the United States to make a demonstration in Turkish waters there are plenty of warships available for that purpose. The Chicago, Admiral Cromwell's flagship, is now at Leghorn, where the Albany is also stationed; at Genoa is the Nashville; the Dixie and the Monongahela are at Villefranche; the Buffalo is at Madras. All these could be assembled at very short notice, forming a fleet that would make a very formidable showing.

One feature of the affair which has given gossip mongers much to talk about, and which has been an apparent corroboration of the theory that Miss Stone's abduction should be laid at the door of the Macedonians, has been the apathy of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria. This potentate, who is the constitutional ruler of Bulgaria by virtue of the treaty signed by the powers in convention at Berlin in 1878, recently opened the national assembly of Bul-

garia with the customary speech from the throne. He made no reference whatever to the kidnapping of Miss Stone.

The nearest he came to it was in saying that Bulgaria has been trying her best to keep on good terms with the powers. Immediately afterward he gave a thrust at Turkey by avowing that his government had especially labored to strengthen the bonds of friendship with "our liberator, Russia," pointing as evidence to the courtesies to Grand Duke Alexander, cousin of the czar, during the grand duke's recent visit to Sofia.

The Macedonian committee looks to Prince Ferdinand and, more remotely, to Russia to aid it in its struggle against the sultan. This committee is a part of the national existence. It is a peculiar organization, to say the



Photo by Peltzner, Carlsbad.

PRINCE FERDINAND OF BULGARIA.

least. Its former officers were deposed last summer because of rascality. The old president, Boris Sarnoff, is a notorious desperado. He was recently acquitted of murder, though it is said that he was undoubtedly guilty and had been engaged in a blackmailing scheme to raise money for the revolution. By a singular coincidence he disappeared two days after the kidnapping of Miss Stone.

The new president, Mikhalovsky, is a well known poet. Like his present confreres in office, he has the reputation of being an honorable man. Not long ago he published an article denouncing the kidnapping and expressing regret that it might prejudice the European public against the movement for Macedonian independence.

That his fears were well founded is shown by the fact that just preceding the outrage various European governments had begun to bewail themselves in the interests of Macedonia. It was recognized by Russia and France especially that the misgovernment in that province, the excesses committed in Armenia and the dissatisfaction in Crete had reached a point as to constitute a menace to peace. The European powers, therefore, at the instance of the two just mentioned, had begun to discuss plans for a joint representation to the porte.

Indeed, so far had this idea developed that it was planned to eventually oblige the sultan not only to carry out the clauses of the treaty of Berlin relating to Macedonia and Armenia, but to give guarantees for further reforms and the settlement of numerous pending questions. Russia had thoroughly sounded Germany on the subject, and the support of England, Austria and Italy was considered certain. Small wonder that President Mikhalovsky was alarmed at the effect the capture of Miss Stone might have upon the project.

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Sees Her Sister Murdered.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 8.—While in a jealous rage, in the presence of his sister-in-law, Fred Beck, the colored porter in a barber shop here, shot and instantly killed his wife, Viola, aged 21. Afterward he went to the county jail and gave himself up to Sheriff Woods. Beck and his wife had quarreled early in the day and he returned home about 3 o'clock and found his wife ready to go to the home of a friend. He objected and the quarrel was renewed. Beck fired three shots into his wife's body. Death was instantaneou

s. He claims he committed the deed in self-defense, as his wife had threatened to end his life.

Lawyer Adjudged Insane.

Kenosha, Wis., Nov. 8.—Henry Wiesman, a member of the Kenosha county bar for over thirty years and a prominent Democratic politician, was pronounced insane in the county court by Judge Slosson. The complainants were a number of neighbors of the town of Brighton, against some of whom Attorney Wiesman had brought suit for damages on account of being sent to an asylum two years ago. Mr. Wiesman was not present at the trial. He left home last Saturday, saying he was going to church in Chicago Sunday, since which time no trace of him can be found.

Exploding Lamp Kills Two.

South Norwalk, Conn., Nov. 8.—Mrs. Guy Plimbell of Norwalk attempted to replenish the oil in a lighted lamp and an explosion followed, which scattered the blazing oil in all directions. Mrs. Plimbell and her three children were covered with the burning liquid, and two of them—Rose, aged 8 years, and Louis, aged 5—were burned to death. The mother and another daughter, Catherine, were also terribly burned and were removed to a hospital, where it was stated that neither would live.

As Successor to Wu.

Peking, Nov. 8.—The appointment of Yuan-Shih-kai as viceroy of Chi-Li meets with the general approval of both natives and foreigners. His administration of the Province of Shantung during the troubles gave ample evidence of his ability and wisdom. The appointment of Wang-Wen-shao as plenipotentiary is also good.

Adolph Robert Kraus Dead.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 8.—Adolph Robert Kraus, the Boston sculptor, who designed the figure of "Victory," which surmounted Machinery hall at the Chicago world's fair, died at Danvers Insane Hospital. Poverty prevented him from completing his magnificent figure of "Belshazzar seeing the writing on the wall," and the disappointment drove him to his death.

Germany Buys Coal Here.

New York, Nov. 8.—There has been a marked increase recently in foreign orders for American anthracite coal, especially from Germany. The demand abroad is said to be due largely to labor troubles in Wales and France, resulting in a curtailment of supplies from these countries.

Permits Train to Kill Him.

Washington, Ind., Nov. 8.—John McGillicutty, an old soldier, aged sixty-seven, committed suicide at Petersburg by advancing toward a rapidly approaching passenger train. He leaves a wife and several children. He was despondent.

German Deficit Grows.

Berlin, Nov. 8.—The German imperial deficit has heretofore been estimated at 100,000,000 marks (\$25,000,000). It is now asserted that the budget will assume a deficit of 140,000,000 marks (\$35,000,000).

Pastor Elected College Head.

Tiffin, O., Nov. 8.—Rev. David J. Meese, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Plainfield, O., was elected president of Heidelberg university of this city.

Telegraphic Clicks.

Chile offered its services to settle differences between Venezuela and Colombia.

Samar rebels starving as result of blockade by American warships.

Schooner John S. Parker wrecked on bar off Orleans, Mass., and crew rescued by life savers with aid of breeches buoy a mile long.

Labor unions began campaign to secure re-enactment of the Geary Chinese exclusion law. Officials of treasury department opposed to the law as wrong in principle.

Dated October 24, 1901.

Torpedo Boats and Steam.

Contrary to the general belief the engines of torpedo boats are not at all extravagant in the use of steam, but approach high economy, considering that they are driven regardless of cost the sole view being to get the highest possible piston speed in the shortest time with forced draft of greatest intensity. The coal burned per initial horse power in the case of one boat recently constructed was only 1.88 pounds per hour, with a consumption of sixty-eight pounds per square foot of gas.—Chicago News.

A Talented Designer.

Walter Crane, the decorative artist, is one of the most talented men in England. He is a teacher and writer in art, a book illustrator, a painter, a designer of furniture, glass, mosaic, wall paper and fabric. He is besides a poet, lecturer and a fearless socialist.—Chicago Chronicle.

The Cripple

Who is crippled by accident or deformity hardly understands the meaning of the word "crippled" as compared with the victim of rheumatism. He is not only bent and twisted, but also racked with pain so cruel that he envies the cripple who stumps along on a wooden leg, whistling as he goes. Rheumatism is known to-day as a blood disease. It can only be cured through the blood.

That powerful blood-purifying medicine, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, cures the blood of the acid poisons which cause rheumatism. When the blood is cleansed the rheumatism is cured.

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery" and it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine, and all other narcotics.

Mr. R. J. McKnight, of Cadets Williamsburg County, S. C., writes: "I had been troubled with rheumatism for twelve years, but at times could not leave my bed. I was badly crippled. Tried many doctors, and two of them gave me up to die. None of them did me any good. The pains in my back, hips and legs (and at times in my head), would nearly kill me. My appetite was very bad. I took five bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and four vials of 'Pellets,' and to-day my health is good, after suffering twelve years with rheumatism."

The sluggish liver can be cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—Rock County—City of Janesville—In Justice Court—Before C. W. Rogers, Justice of the Peace.

You are hereby notified that a warrant of attachment has been issued against you and your property attached to satisfy the demand of G. W. Skelly & F. L. Wilbur, co-partners, doing business under the firm name of Skelly & Wilbur, amounting to \$3,412. You will appear before C. W. Rogers, Justice of the Peace, in and for said county, at his office in said city, on the 23d day of Nov., 1901, at two o'clock in the afternoon of that day, judgment will be rendered against you and your property sold to pay the debt.

G. W. SKELLY & F. L. WILBUR, Plaintiffs.

Dated Nov. 7th, 1901.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—County Court for Dane County—In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular term of the County Court to be held in and for said county at the Court House, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday, being the 3rd day of Dec., 1901 at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:

The petition of Anna H. Ehrlinger for the adjustment and allowance of her final account as administratrix of the estate of John M. Ehrlinger, late of the city of Janesville, in said county, deceased, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to such other persons as are by law entitled thereto.

Dated October 24, 1901.

By the Court,
J. W. SALE,
County Judge

filed 23d Nov.

WHY

Let Your Money Lay Idle
when you can get 4 per
cent. on 6 months and 5
on 12 months time deposits.

State Bank of Orfordville.

Don't Waste Your Money

That's just what you do
when you pay over \$20 for an

Overcoat

We refer to the best grade.
Our line from \$6 to \$20
should interest you—providing
you need a coat.

ROBINSON BROS.
CASH CLOTHIERS. GRAND HOTEL BLOCK



10 Per Cent. DISCOUNT

Special Prices on LAMPS

In order to make room for our holiday goods. We offer on Saturday, November 8, any lamp in our store at 10 per cent. discount, from our regular low prices. If you want a lamp cheap

DO NOT MISS THIS CHANCE...

THE SAVING STORE,

7 South Jackson Street.

We Frame Pictures

When Decorating or Purchasing

WALL PAPERS....

there should be nothing too tasteful for you. Go where you can be sure of good ideas and satisfactory workmanship at lowest possible prices. We carry as large and fine a variety of wall papers as can be seen anywhere in the city.

KENT & CRANE,

13 S. River Street.

T. P. BURNS'

CLOAKS...

It is a well established fact among

GUILTY OF CHILD'S MURDER.
Aged Charles Dunn Convicted and Sent to Prison for Life.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 8.—Charles Dunn was found guilty of murder in the first degree and sentenced to the penitentiary for life. The jury was out twenty hours. The crime with which Dunn was charged was the murder of 10-year-old Alice Cotherell, whose body was fished from a cistern beneath Dunn's kitchen at Wallen, this county, July 7 last. The coroner's jury declared she came to her death by being choked. Dunn is 61 years old.

Die to Save Her Husband.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Rushing to her husband's rescue, Mrs. Julius Yankee met death by fire. The husband, equally heroic, was seriously, if not fatally, injured, for after his wife had extinguished the flames that had seized his clothing he turned to aid her and barely escaped with his life. The tragedy occurred in the kitchen of the couple's home in the flat building at 151 Larabee street. Yankee's clothing had caught fire while he was melting tar, which boiled over.

Plans College in Scotland.

London, Nov. 8.—It is announced that Andrew Carnegie will give £100,000 to build and equip a technical college in southern Scotland. The institution probably will be located at Galashiels, counties of Roxburgh and Selkirk.

Preserve Trust Formed.

Pittsburg, Nov. 8.—At a meeting in this city seventeen of the larger preserves manufacturers of the country formed a combination to be known as the American Association of Manufacturers and Distributors of Food Products.

She Wants Justice Quick.

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 8.—Mrs. Carrie Nation, who came to Wheeling several days ago to appeal the case against her in the police court, objected strenuously to a continuance to the 12th. She said she came for justice and she wanted it quick. The court informed her that it could not possibly try the matter until the date it had indicated.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

(BY SCRIPPS-MERRA LEAGUE).
Chicago, Nov. 8, 1901.

Receipts of cattle, 3,000.
Beefs 45.80 \$268.75
Steaks 2.00 12.00
Tails 3.10 18.50

Hog Receipts—Hogs 25,000.
Pigs 4.25 \$5.35

Receipts of Sheep 15,000.
Wethers 2.00 \$4.00
Ewes 2.50 3.85
Lambs 2.50 4.75

Open High Low Close
Wheat—Dec. 72.5 73.4 72.1
Corn—Dec. 59.5 60.0 59.4 59.1
Oats—Dec. 38.4 38.4 38.4 38.4
Barley 31 31 31



Our Advice: Shop Early.

For the winter and holiday season we have placed in stock

AN ARRAY OF JEWELRY

this season that has never been equalled in the Bower City. F. C. Cook, in September, visited the eastern makers and not only made purchases of the leading New York jobbers, but bought heavily direct from the manufacturing plants located at New Jersey

These Goods Are Now Here

The assortment of watches, rings, diamonds, pins, cut glass, pottery, chains, charms and other articles, are here in

Sufficient Quantities to fill two ordinary stores. Watch This Space, it will be to your advantage to do so.

DIAMOND SETTING A SPECIALTY

F. C. COOK & CO.

Opposite Post Office:



Janesville, Wisconsin.

NEVER BEFORE WAS THERE SUCH AN array of Styles and varieties of leathers in

**\$5.00
MEN'S SHOES**

shown in Janesville. Must be seen to be appreciated.



MAYNARD SHOE CO.

Successors to C. C. BENNETT SHOE CO.

West End of Bridge. The Foot Fitting Shoe Men. We run a first-class repair shop, best of work guaranteed.



Fall Styles of Shirts Here. We Make Shirts To Order.

If you want to know what Smartly Dressed men will wear this season, ask to see Ziegler's Clothes.

Have You Seen Our

New Display of

Winter Neckwear

AT

50?

It is certainly the richest showing of high grade silks and satins, that has been offered in the city--the styles are

Right Up in the
Top Rung of Fashion

most of the designs are confined exclusively to us--see them in our windows, and you will agree with us that they are equal to neckwear that other stores are showing at \$1.00.

SUITS \$15 to \$28.00

OVERCOATS 15 to 50.00

T. J. ZIEGLER,
E. J. SMITH, Manager.

A CLINGING FIT,
A "SMALL" LOOK

AND
Unrestrained Foot-Motion

Are The Features
Of The . . .

FOSTER & CO.'S SHOES

FOR LADIES

Hundreds have imitated and patterned after them, but none have accomplished an effective match for the World's Model Footwear, for women, made by this celebrated factory.

\$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50 & \$5.00
Every Imaginable Style.

The PINGREE "GLORIA"

Another Famous
Lady's Shoe . . .

Airy, Elegant,
and Genteel . . .

The fairest of all the
shoe family. Sold
nearly everywhere
and always at . . .

ONE PRICE \$3.50 THE PAIR

This is a specialty made by the renowned Detroit Pingree and is the result of thirty years thought—and it is a beauty. See all the styles it comes in. One price . . .

**\$3.50 The
Pair**

SPENCER.

AMOS REHBERG & CO.
Shoes & Clothing. Two Complete Dept.